



**Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs**

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services

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This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

I. SUMMARY OF RESULTS AND CAVEATS

This report documents the development of capitation rates effective January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 for Wisconsin's BadgerCare Plus (BCP) Standard and Childless Adult (CLA) programs.

The Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS) retained Milliman, Inc. (Milliman) to develop and certify its 2020 BCP capitation rates. Milliman's role is to calculate and certify actuarially sound capitation rates to comply with CMS regulations and the CMS rate setting checklist.

The capitation rates provided under this certification are actuarially sound for purposes of 42 CFR 438.4(a), according to the following criteria:

- The capitation rates provide for all reasonable, appropriate, and attainable costs that are required under terms of the contract and for the operation of the managed care plan for the time period and population covered under the terms of the contract, and such capitation rates were developed in accordance with the requirements under 42 CFR 438.4(b)

To ensure compliance with generally accepted actuarial practices and regulatory requirements, we referred to published guidance from the American Academy of Actuaries (AAA), the Actuarial Standards Board (ASB), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), and federal regulations. Specifically, the following were referenced during the rate development:

- Actuarial standards of practice applicable to Medicaid managed care rate setting, which have been enacted as of the capitation rate certification date, including: ASOP 1 (Introductory Actuarial Standard of Practice); ASOP 5 (Incurred Health and Disability Claims); ASOP 12 (Risk Classification); ASOP 23 (Data Quality); ASOP 25 (Credibility Procedures); ASOP 41 (Actuarial Communications); ASOP 45 (The Use of Health Status Based Risk Adjustment Methodologies); and ASOP 49 (Medicaid Managed Care Capitation Rate Development and Certification)
- Actuarial soundness and rate development requirements in the Medicaid and CHIP Managed Care Final Rule (CMS 2390-F) for the provisions effective for the CY 2020 managed care program rating period
- The most recent Medicaid Managed Care Rate Development Guide published by CMS

Throughout this document and consistent with the requirements under 42 CFR 438.4(a), the term "actuarially sound" will be defined as in ASOP 49:

"Medicaid capitation rates are "actuarially sound" if, for business for which the certification is being prepared and for the period covered by the certification, projected capitation rates and other revenue sources provide for all reasonable, appropriate, and attainable costs. For purposes of this definition, other revenue sources include, but are not limited to, expected reinsurance and governmental stop-loss cash flows, governmental risk-adjustment cash flows, and investment income. For purposes of this definition, costs include, but are not limited to, expected health benefits; health benefit settlement expenses; administrative expenses; the cost of capital, and government-mandated assessments, fees, and taxes (excluding income taxes)."

A. CAPITATION RATE CHANGES

Table 1 shows a comparison of the 2020 and 2019 per member per month (PMPM) medical, dental, and chiropractic capitation rates and maternity kick payments by geographic rate region and eligibility category.

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Table 1A
Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Summary of Capitation Rate Changes by Region (Excluding Provider Access Payments)
Calendar Year 2019 to Calendar Year 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard

	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6	Statewide ¹
Medical Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate	\$146.70	\$115.64	\$120.72	\$120.50	\$124.78	\$129.94	\$125.62
2019 Capitation Rate	\$140.58	\$108.91	\$113.68	\$116.59	\$117.89	\$124.64	\$119.79
Rate Change	4.4%	6.2%	6.2%	3.4%	5.8%	4.3%	4.9%
Maternity Kick Payments							
2020 Kick Payment	\$8,386.11	\$5,537.31	\$6,477.62	\$6,392.32	\$6,128.95	\$6,801.63	\$6,547.95
2019 Kick Payment	\$8,321.60	\$5,347.74	\$6,074.97	\$6,131.17	\$5,941.47	\$6,312.29	\$6,234.11
Kick Payment Change	0.8%	3.5%	6.6%	4.3%	3.2%	7.8%	5.0%
Dental Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$13.43	\$12.13	\$12.50
2019 Capitation Rate ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$11.25	\$11.87	\$11.69
Rate Change	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	19.4%	2.2%	6.9%
Chiropractic Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate	\$2.89	\$2.22	\$3.10	\$1.89	\$1.09	\$0.33	\$1.66
2019 Capitation Rate	\$2.91	\$2.19	\$3.20	\$1.93	\$1.09	\$0.33	\$1.68
Rate Change	-0.7%	1.4%	-3.1%	-2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	-1.2%

¹ Statewide changes in medical and dental capitation rates are based on July 2019 enrollment; statewide changes in maternity kick payments are based on deliveries by region from November 2017 through October 2018.

² Dental capitation rates for Regions 1 through 4 are not applicable, since no HMOs cover dental services in these regions.

Table 1B
Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Summary of Capitation Rate Changes by Region (Excluding Provider Access Payments)
Calendar Year 2019 to Calendar Year 2020
BadgerCare Plus Childless Adults

	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6	Statewide ¹
Medical Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate	\$363.32	\$314.32	\$320.35	\$300.85	\$319.66	\$308.29	\$316.16
2019 Capitation Rate	\$347.18	\$300.66	\$306.55	\$292.29	\$307.54	\$302.37	\$305.90
Rate Change	4.6%	4.5%	4.5%	2.9%	3.9%	2.0%	3.4%
Dental Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$10.31	\$9.58	\$9.78
2019 Capitation Rate ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$9.79	\$10.20	\$10.09
Rate Change	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.3%	-6.1%	-3.1%
Chiropractic Capitation Rates							
2020 Capitation Rate	\$3.06	\$3.11	\$3.46	\$2.56	\$1.67	\$0.67	\$2.06
2019 Capitation Rate	\$3.29	\$3.24	\$3.67	\$2.68	\$1.65	\$0.66	\$2.14
Rate Change	-7.0%	-4.0%	-5.7%	-4.5%	1.2%	1.5%	-3.7%

¹ Statewide changes in medical and dental capitation rates are based on July 2019 enrollment.

² Dental capitation rates for Regions 1 to 4 are not applicable since no HMOs cover dental services in these regions.

Exhibits 17 through 19 contain more detailed comparisons summarizing the rate changes for all coverage types (medical only, medical / dental, medical / chiropractic, and medical / dental / chiropractic) separately

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for each Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) based on July 2019 enrollment. Exhibit 21 shows the final 2020 capitation rates for each HMO, including provider access payments.

Table 2 provides a high level summary of each rate component and the impact on the overall medical capitation rate change from 2019 to 2020.

Table 2 Wisconsin Department of Health Services High Level Summary of Medical Capitation Rate Changes between 2019 and 2020		
Rate Component	BCP Standard	BCP Childless Adults
Updated base period encounter data	2.2%	1.5%
Removal of CLA durational adjustment	n/a	-0.5%
Reimbursement change between base period and rating period	3.5%	0.8%
Trend and other projection factor changes	-0.9%	-0.9%
Decrease in administrative load	-0.6%	-0.6%
Removal of pay-for-performance withhold	n/a	2.6%
Impact of rate cell mix on prior rates	0.6%	0.6%
Total rate change	4.9%	3.4%

The BCP Standard average medical rate increase of 4.9% is driven by updates to the base period encounter data and reimbursement changes between the base period and rating period. The 19.4% increase in BCP Standard dental capitation rates in Region 5 is primarily driven by an increase in the base period encounter data between the base period and rating period and also removal of the 2.5% pay-for-performance (P4P) withhold.

The BCP CLA average medical rate increase of 3.4% is driven by the removal of the 2.5% P4P withhold and updates to the base period encounter data.

B. CAPITATION RATE CELL STRUCTURE

Separate capitation rates are calculated by eligibility category, region, and rate cell for each type of coverage (medical, maternity, dental, and chiropractic).

Eligibility Categories

Managed care enrollment for eligible BCP Standard and BCP Childless Adults members is mandatory with a few exceptions (e.g., tribal members). We developed capitation rates for the following eligibility categories:

- **BCP Standard:**
 - Parents and caretakers with incomes at or below 100 percent of the Federal Poverty Limit (FPL)
 - Pregnant women with incomes at or below 300 percent of the FPL
 - Children (ages 18 and younger) with household incomes at or below 300 percent of the FPL

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- Transitional medical assistance individuals, also known as members on extensions, with incomes over 100 percent of the FPL
- **BCP Childless Adults:** The CLA program covers childless adults with incomes less than or equal to 100 percent of the FPL. Prior to April 1, 2014, the CLA program provided Medicaid services to childless adults with income at or below 200 percent of the FPL, but enrollment was capped. Effective April 1, 2014, the enrollment cap was removed, individuals with incomes above 100 percent of the FPL were disenrolled, and the CLA benefits were aligned with the BCP Standard plan. The newly covered CLA population began enrollment into managed care on July 1, 2014.

Rate Regions

The capitation rates are developed for each of six geographic rate regions:

- Region 1 – North
- Region 2 – North East
- Region 3 – West Central
- Region 4 – Madison
- Region 5 – South East
- Region 6 – Milwaukee

Appendix A contains a mapping of Wisconsin counties to the six rate regions for the 2020 capitation rates.

Rate Cells

The capitation rates are paid separately by age category and rate region. Table 3 summarizes the age categories used within each eligibility category.

Table 3 Wisconsin Department of Health Services Age Rate Cells by Eligibility Category	
BCP Standard	BCP Childless Adults
Age 0	n/a
Ages 1 to 14	n/a
Ages 15 to 20	n/a
Ages 21 to 44	Ages 19 to 44
Ages 45+	Ages 45+

Covered Services

HMOs are responsible for providing comprehensive health care to BCP members, including hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, professional, and other services. Prescription drugs are carved out of the capitation rates. Maternity services are paid through a maternity kick payment paid per delivery within the BCP Standard plan. Dental and chiropractic capitation rates are developed separately. Dental coverage is optional in Regions 1 through 4 and mandatory in Regions 5 and 6. Chiropractic coverage is optional in all regions. We describe exclusions applied to the HMO encounter data in Section II.B. We also remove methadone related claims and Institution for Mental Disease (IMD) claims for stays greater than 15 days in a given month, as described in Section III.B.

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Encounter-based payments paid on a FFS basis outside of the capitation rates, including the Dental Pilot, Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC), HIV / AIDS Medical Home, and Narcotic Treatment Services, are reimbursed to the HMOs at the Medicaid fee schedule in compliance with the upper payment regulations outlined at 42 CFR §447.362. Any services incurred under the waiver approved for substance abuse not normally covered under the HMO capitation will be reimbursed to HMOs outside of the capitation.

C. GENERAL PROGRAM INFORMATION AND HIGH-LEVEL RATE METHODOLOGY

The BCP program has been in operation since 2008, when the BadgerCare and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) programs were merged. DHS held contracts with 18 Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) to provide services to BCP members during the experience period. The following changes occurred between the experience and rating period:

- Effective January 1, 2018, CompCare and Health Tradition Health Plan exited the BCP program. The experience for both HMOs is included in the 2017 base data, and the impact of member enrollment changes by HMO after these HMO terminations are reflected in the July 2019 member counts used to develop the CDPS risk score adjustments.
- Effective October 1, 2018, Gundersen Health Plan (Gundersen), Unity Health Insurance (Unity), and Physicians Plus Insurance Corporation (PPlus) integrated under the Quartz brand name. Similar to the 2019 rate development, we combined all three HMOs under the Quartz brand name.

The capitation rates are first developed by eligibility category and rate region, and then by age category within each eligibility category using age factors that reflect statewide cost relationships by age category within an eligibility category.

The risk adjustment process adjusts the capitation rates for estimated differences in acuity by HMO, with some exceptions such as newborns and HMOs with low credibility in a rate cell.

Material Changes to Rate Methodology

The 2020 capitation rate methodology is generally consistent with the 2019 rate methodology. We made the following material changes to the 2020 rate methodology:

- Experience data sources – The 2019 rates were based on HMO encounter data and financial data from calendar years 2016 and 2017. The 2020 rates are based on more recent HMO encounter and financial data from calendar years 2017 and 2018.
- BCP Childless Adults member durational adjustments – In prior years, we applied a utilization adjustment to prior BCP Childless Adults rates to reflect expected differences in the distribution of members and costs by member duration in the program between the rate year and experience years. For the 2020 rate development, we are assuming enrollment has stabilized and the distribution of members by duration for the rate year will be similar to the experience years. Therefore, we are no longer applying this adjustment for the 2020 rate development.
- P4P withhold – There will be no dental P4P withhold or BCP Childless Adults medical P4P withhold in 2020, compared to a 2.5% withhold in 2019. The BCP Standard medical P4P withhold will continue to be 2.5% in 2020.

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- Member copays – We applied adjustments for changes to member copays between the experience years and rate year for BCP Standard and BCP CLA as described in Section III.B.

D. REPORT STRUCTURE

The remainder of this report includes the following information:

- Section II summarizes the development of the base period experience and data adjustments
- Section III documents reimbursement changes, program changes, trend, and other adjustments applied to the adjusted base period data to develop projected 2020 base capitation rates by eligibility category, region, and age category
- Section IV documents the development of final HMO-specific capitation rates, including risk score adjustments, P4P withholds, and provider access payments
- Section V documents the projected costs for services eligible for enhanced federal funding (applies to medical capitation rates and maternity kick payments)
- Section VI provides responses to the CMS rate setting checklist
- Section VII provides responses to the 2019 - 2020 CMS Medicaid Managed Care Rate Development Guide

Exhibits 1 through 26 summarize the 2020 rate development. Appendix A provides a mapping of counties to rate regions. Appendices B and C contain details on the custom CDPS risk score model. Appendix D summarizes the enhanced FMAP identification criteria. Appendix E contains the actuarial certification.

E. IMPORTANT LIMITATIONS AND CAVEATS

This report is intended for the internal use of DHS to assist in developing 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus program. It may not be appropriate, and should not be used, for other purposes. Milliman recognizes that materials it delivers to DHS may be public records subject to disclosure to third parties; however, Milliman does not intend to benefit, and assumes no duty or liability to, other parties who receive this work. It should only be distributed and reviewed in its entirety.

The results of this report and the accompanying exhibits are technical in nature and are dependent upon specific assumptions and methods. No party should rely on these results without a thorough understanding of those assumptions and methods. Such an understanding may require consultation with qualified professionals.

We relied on several sources of HMO and FFS claims and eligibility data to develop the capitation rates in this report, including HMO encounter data, HMO financial data, FFS data, hospital inpatient and outpatient 2020 re-pricing data, and other supporting information from DHS. We did not audit any of the base data sources, but we did assess the data for reasonableness. We relied on DHS for the collection and processing of the HMO encounter data, the accuracy of the FFS data, and the hospital inpatient and outpatient 2020 re-pricing data. We relied on the HMOs to provide accurate financial data to DHS. If the data used is inadequate or incomplete, the results will be likewise inadequate or incomplete.

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Differences between the capitation rates and actual experience will depend on the extent to which future experience conforms to the assumptions made in the capitation rate calculations. It is certain that actual experience will not conform exactly to the assumptions used. Actual amounts will differ from projected amounts to the extent that actual experience is better or worse than expected.

Guidelines issued by the American Academy of Actuaries require actuaries to include their professional qualifications in all actuarial communications. The authors of this report are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the qualification standards for performing the analyses in this report.

This report is subject to the terms and conditions of the contract between DHS and Milliman effective January 1, 2015.

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II. BASE DATA DEVELOPMENT

This section of the report describes the base data development and the blending of the various data sources described in this report. In general, the base data used to calculate the 2020 capitation rates reflects the most current credible available data from DHS and the HMOs.

The following exhibits summarize the base data and adjustments by region for all age categories combined:

- Exhibit 1A: Medical – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 1B: Medical – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 7: Maternity – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 9A: Dental – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 9B: Dental – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 14A: Chiropractic – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 14B: Chiropractic – BCP CLA

A. BASE DATA SOURCES

The data sources used in the 2020 rate development are listed and described below:

1. **HMO Encounter Data** – Includes claims paid by HMOs on a FFS basis, as well as sub-capitated encounters. DHS re-prices each HMO encounter based on the Medicaid fee schedule. The encounter data also includes HMO paid amounts. The re-priced Medicaid paid amounts are used to develop the base period claims experience. The re-priced paid amounts are net of all applicable cost sharing amounts for the Medicaid program, even if an HMO waives the cost sharing amounts.
2. **HMO Financial Data** – Participating HMOs were required to submit CY 2017, CY 2018, and YTD April 2019 financial incurred data to DHS. The financial data included the following information by eligibility category, region, and calendar year:
 - Member months and maternity deliveries eligible for kick payments
 - Total revenue including capitation payments, maternity kick payments, and other sources
 - Claim payments to providers, including FFS claim payments, payments made to sub-capitated providers, provider risk sharing and incentive payments, and other payments made outside the FFS claims system including overpayments to providers not already reflected in the FFS claim payments
 - Administrative costs
 - Additional information on payments made to related parties
 - A certification from the HMO attesting the data is accurate, complete, and truthful
 - A reconciliation to HMO financial statements

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We used the financial data to calculate missing data adjustments to apply to the encounter data payments, develop adjustments to reflect claims paid outside of FFS claims systems, analyze historical trends, and develop the administrative cost allowances included in the capitation rates.

We also used financial data to develop the dental capitation rates in Regions 5 and 6. We believe the HMO financial data is a more accurate summary of historical dental claims due to under-reporting of dental encounter data due to the prevalence of sub-capitation.

- 3. Fee-For-Service (FFS) Data** – Includes claims paid by DHS on a FFS basis. We used FFS data as the basis for developing capitation rates for dental services in Regions 1 through 4 and chiropractic services in all regions.

DHS and Milliman went through an extensive data validation process to review all HMO data included in the 2020 rate setting methodology. DHS collected monthly encounter reporting from each HMO to monitor the quality of encounter data submissions. After this process was complete, DHS forwarded the data to Milliman.

Milliman also reviewed the encounter data and financial data. We provided data summaries to all participating HMOs comparing the results of their encounter and financial data, along with HMO-specific data questions. After receiving answers to our questions and a few data re-submissions from the HMOs, we released base data summaries for HMO review and comment. Additionally, we presented the information to the HMOs to explain the base data and solicit feedback from the HMOs.

Based on our analysis, we found the HMO encounter data to be of appropriate quality for developing the 2020 capitation rates. As discussed in Section D below, we applied missing data adjustments to the base encounter data to address encounter data under-reporting.

Table 4 summarizes the base data time periods for the various data sources.

Table 4 Wisconsin Department of Health Services Base Data Time Periods		
Data Source	Data Time Period Used	Paid Through Date
HMO Encounter Data	CY 2017 and CY 2018	May 2019 ¹
HMO Financial Data	CY 2017 and CY 2018	April 2019
HMO Emerging 2019 Financial Data	YTD April 2019	June 2019
FFS Data	CY 2017 and CY 2018	May 2019

¹ Encounter data files received from DHS on May 30, 2019; paid through date may differ by HMO.

B. HMO ENCOUNTER DATA PROCESSING METHODOLOGY

HMO Encounter Data Submission

Participating HMOs are required to submit encounters for Medicaid covered services to DHS on a periodic basis. DHS, along with their contracted data processing vendor, DXC Technology, performs a re-pricing analysis on the encounter data records and assigns re-priced Medicaid allowed and paid amounts for accepted encounter records. The encounter records also include HMO paid amounts in addition to the

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re-priced Medicaid paid amounts. We included HMO paid amounts from the encounter data for accepted records only to develop missing data adjustments and provider contracting adjustments, thereby excluding any potential duplicate rejected claims.

The encounter data provided to Milliman includes services incurred during 2016 through 2018. As noted above, we used 2017 and 2018 encounter data to develop the base period costs. We summarized the 2017 and 2018 encounter data using the methodology described in the following sections.

We identified the submitting HMO based on the HMO ID field and the eligibility category based on the Medical Status code in the encounter data files using the mapping provided by DHS.

Excluded Claims

Some of the claims included in the encounter data files submitted by the HMOs are excluded from the base period encounter data. We excluded claims for the following reasons:

- 1. Claims incurred outside of 2017 and 2018:** We excluded claims for services provided outside of the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018.
- 2. Financial Indicator “N” claims:** We excluded claims with a Financial Indicator of “N,” which were flagged by DHS as not having any payment made by the HMO.
- 3. Claims without a corresponding eligibility record for the month of service:** We matched the service date in the encounter data to the monthly capitation files provided by DHS. If there was no capitation payment made to any HMO for the member in the month of service, the claim was excluded.
- 4. Ventilator dependent claims:** The HMOs are not at risk for claims for ventilator dependent members. DHS retroactively reimburses the HMOs for claims incurred and recoups capitation payments to the HMOs for these members. Therefore, these claims are excluded from the base data used to develop the capitation rates, along with the corresponding member months from the same time period. We used the list of ventilator dependent member IDs provided by DHS for each year to exclude all claims and member months for these members for the time period they were ventilator dependent.
- 5. Physician administered drugs:** We excluded claims for physician administered drugs based on criteria provided by DHS, since these professional claims are reimbursed on a FFS basis by DHS.
- 6. Dental claims in Regions 1 through 4:** We excluded claims based on the dental criteria in Regions 1 through 4, since there were no HMOs providing dental coverage in these regions during the base period.
- 7. Chiropractic claims:** We excluded chiropractic claims from the HMO encounter data used for rate development and used chiropractic claims covered under the FFS program, since only two HMOs covered chiropractic services during the base period.
- 8. Invalid ages or regions:** We excluded immaterial claim amounts with invalid ages or regions.

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Included Claims

The total amounts after excluding the claims and member months listed above represent the encounter data used to develop the medical and maternity base period experience. We developed separate capitation rates for medical coverage, maternity kick payments, dental services, and chiropractic services. Any included claims not identified as maternity, dental, or chiropractic services were classified as medical coverage.

Maternity (BCP Standard Only)

The methodology used to count deliveries in the base period experience is consistent with how HMOs are instructed by DHS to report deliveries for maternity kick payment reimbursement.

The DRG code will trigger the maternity kick payment when an HMO has a paid amount greater than \$0 on the claim (i.e., other insurance is not covering the entire cost of the delivery). We identified deliveries as APR-DRG encounters equal to 540, 541, 542, or 560.

The following additional claims incurred within nine months prior to the delivery or two months after the delivery were included in the maternity kick payment development (and excluded from the medical rate development):

- Revenue code of 0110 - 0539, 0560 - 0569, 0610 - 0649, or 0660 - 0999
- Procedure code of 01958 - 01961, 01967 - 01968, 59000 - 59899, or 76801 - 76828

We included maternity claims for completed pregnancies in the base period experience by limiting delivery dates to the time period from November 2017 through October 2018. We excluded experience for other BCP Standard pregnancies meeting the maternity kick payment criteria, but outside of this time period. Because the maternity kick payment is developed and paid per delivery, the projected number of deliveries is not needed to develop the maternity kick payment amount, so we excluded “non-completed” pregnancies to develop a complete cost per delivery.

Dental

Encounters with procedure codes from D0120 – D9999 were identified as dental services and carved out from the base data. We excluded claims for fluoride treatment provided outside of a dental office from dental claims and included those claims in the base coverage. We identified these claims using category of service code 58 and sub-category of service code 10, 15, or 20. In the base period, HMOs were required to cover dental services in Regions 5 and 6. Dental coverage is optional in other regions; however, no HMOs currently cover dental services in Regions 1 through 4.

Chiropractic

Encounters with category of service code 60 (chiropractic) were identified as chiropractic services.

Medical “Payments Made Outside Encounter Data”

We summarized “Payments Made Outside Encounter Data” from the HMO financial data by eligibility category and region to reflect provider risk sharing, incentives, and other miscellaneous provider payments made outside of the encounter data. These amounts are added to the base period experience and shown

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at the bottom of Exhibit 1. These payments are reported separately in the HMO financial data and were not included in the missing data adjustments discussed in Section D below.

In Lieu of Services

The BCP program will cover an in lieu of service called “sub-acute psychiatric community-based psychiatric and recovery center services” in 2020, similar to the benefit currently covered by the SSI Medicaid program. These services are defined in Section IV.B.12 of the HMO contract. The benefit is limited to short term residential (non-hospital residential treatment program) for behavioral health. Sub-acute community based clinical treatment may be used in lieu of inpatient psychiatric hospitalization. The benefit will be re-priced at \$450 per diem in the encounter data. There is no adjustment to the base period data for the 2020 rates since this benefit is being offered for the first time in 2020. This benefit is cost effective, since the \$450 per diem is much lower than the BCP inpatient psychiatric cost per day.

The BCP program also allows HMOs to provide IMD benefits in lieu of inpatient psychiatric and substance abuse admissions. Reimbursement adjustments for IMDs are documented in Section III.A, and benefit adjustments are documented in Section III.B.

Service Category Assignment

We relied on the claim type (and category of service for FQHC / RHC) in the encounter files provided by DHS to assign broad categories of service (hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, professional, FQHC / RHC, and other services). We identified IMD, hospice, personal care, Indian health services, zero copay preventive services, and family planning services based on criteria provided by DHS. We then used Milliman’s Health Cost Guidelines Grouper to assign the remaining detailed service categories.

C. FFS DATA PROCESSING METHODOLOGY

We used FFS data for HMO members to develop capitation rates for dental services in Regions 1 through 4 and chiropractic services in all regions, since credible encounter data is not available. We summarized dental and chiropractic FFS claims (using the service category criteria above) for members enrolled in HMOs during the base period.

D. ADJUSTMENTS TO THE BASE DATA

This section discusses the adjustments we made to the base 2017 and 2018 data before projecting costs to the 2020 rating period.

Missing Data Adjustment (Encounter Data)

We developed missing data adjustments for each HMO and calendar year based on a comparison of the total HMO paid amounts in the encounter data and the total FFS and sub-capitated claim payments reported in the HMO financial data (excluding IBNR with similar claims run-out to the encounter data as shown in Table 4). We combined FFS and sub-capitated claim payments together to develop the missing data adjustments, since the encounter data does not consistently identify FFS versus sub-capitated claims separately. Therefore, the missing data adjustments reflect the impact of missing encounters (including sub-capitated claims), as well as encounters that were submitted, but not accepted by the DHS system edits. We calculated the adjustments gross of ventilator recoupments and applied a separate adjustment to reflect ventilator recoupments not yet identified in the 2018 encounter data.

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Table 5 summarizes the medical missing data adjustments by eligibility category, region, and calendar year. As noted above, we calculated missing data adjustments at the HMO level. Therefore, the variance in missing data adjustments by eligibility category and region is due to differences in the mix of HMO payments within each subcategory. The missing data adjustments have been decreasing consistently over the past several years, indicating increasing completeness of the encounter data submissions.

Table 5						
Wisconsin Department of Health Services						
Missing Data Adjustments Applied to HMO Encounter Data (Medical Services)						
	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6
BadgerCare Plus Standard						
2017	1.016	1.015	1.018	1.026	1.020	1.020
2018	1.012	1.024	1.014	1.025	1.030	1.029
Childless Adults						
2017	1.016	1.015	1.017	1.027	1.018	1.017
2018	1.013	1.025	1.016	1.025	1.029	1.028

Maternity claims are assumed to be complete in the encounter data since we identify completed pregnancies directly in the encounter data. Dental missing data adjustments are not applicable, since we used the HMO dental financial data to summarize the base period experience for regions 5 and 6 and FFS data as the base period experience for regions 1 through 4. Chiropractic missing data adjustments are also not applicable because we used FFS data.

Completion Factor (Encounter and FFS Data)

Table 6 summarizes the completion factors applied to the base 2018 claims to adjust for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims as of the claim submission date. 2017 claims are assumed to be complete, since there are approximately 17 months of claims runout.

Table 6						
Wisconsin Department of Health Services						
2018 Completion Factors (Before Additional Adjustments)						
	HMO Encounter Data			FFS Data		
	Hospital Inpatient	Dental	Other Services	Hospital Inpatient	Dental	Other Services
BCP Standard	1.017	1.002	1.007	n/a	1.002	1.002
BCP Childless Adults	1.021	1.002	1.007	n/a	1.002	1.002

We calculated the encounter completion factors using primarily the HMO financial data with adjustments for outliers, and reviewed the completion factors implied by the encounter data for reasonableness. We developed the FFS completion factors based on FFS claim lag patterns.

We also applied the following adjustments to the completion factors:

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- New Marshfield Clinic Hospital Adjustments – A new facility opened in the Eau Claire area in July 2018 that impacted Regions 1 and 3. Any claims incurred at this facility during the second half of 2018 were excluded from the encounter data, since the facility was not licensed as a Medicaid provider until January 1, 2019. We increased the inpatient and outpatient completion factors by the additive adjustments shown in Table 7 to account for these estimated 2018 claims based on 2018 billed amounts provided by DHS and the ratio of early 2019 re-priced Medicaid paid to billed amounts in the May 2019 HMO encounter and FFS data extracts.

Table 7		
Wisconsin Department of Health Services		
New Marshfield Clinic Hospital Adjustments		
HMO Encounter Data		
	Region 1	Region 3
Hospital Inpatient	0.005	0.016
Hospital Outpatient	0.001	0.004

- Ventilator Recoupment Adjustments – Based on an analysis of historical data, we observed ventilator recoupment amounts are consistently higher in the encounter data with an additional year of claims runout compared to the extract used for the prior year’s capitation rate development. We estimated ventilator recoupments not yet approved by DHS in the 2018 encounter data based on historical patterns of ventilator recoupments by incurred and rate development years. We applied the additive adjustments shown in Table 8 to 2018 hospital inpatient claims in the encounter base data.

Table 8	
Wisconsin Department of Health Services	
2018 Ventilator Recoupment Adjustments	
Ventilator Recoupment Hospital Inpatient Adjustments	
BCP Standard	-0.035
BCP Childless Adults	-0.013

Table 9 shows the final medical completion factors applied to the 2018 data after combining the adjustments in Tables 6 through 8.

Table 9			
Wisconsin Department of Health Services			
Final 2018 Completion Factors			
	Region 1	Region 3	Regions 2, 4, 5, 6
BadgerCare Plus Standard			
Hospital IP	0.987	0.998	0.982
Hospital OP	1.008	1.011	1.007
Other	1.007	1.007	1.007
BadgerCare Plus Childless Adults			
Hospital IP	1.013	1.024	1.008
Hospital OP	1.008	1.011	1.007
Other	1.007	1.007	1.007

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Provider Contracting Adjustment (Encounter Data)

The base encounter data reflects the re-priced Medicaid paid amounts assigned by DHS to each encounter. We compared the total HMO paid amounts to the re-priced Medicaid paid amounts by broad service category and region to develop provider contracting adjustments that reflect average HMO contracting levels relative to Medicaid fees across the two years of base period experience data. Regions 5 and 6 include counties around the Milwaukee area, where some providers require higher reimbursement to participate in the Medicaid program. Table 10 summarizes the provider contracting adjustments applied to the re-priced Medicaid paid amounts in the encounter data.

Table 10 Wisconsin Department of Health Services Provider Contracting Adjustments		
	Regions 1 through 4	Regions 5 and 6
Hospital Inpatient	1.01	1.02
Hospital Outpatient	1.00	1.06
Professional	1.02	1.04
FQHC / RHC	1.00	1.00
Other	1.00	1.00

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III. PROJECTED 2020 BASE CAPITATION RATES

This section of the report documents reimbursement changes, program changes, trend, and other adjustments applied to the base data to develop projected 2020 capitation rates by eligibility category, region, and age category before risk adjustment, P4P withholds, and provider access payments are applied.

The following exhibits summarize the development of projected 2020 claim costs:

- Exhibit 2A: Medical – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 2B: Medical – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 7: Maternity – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 9A: Dental – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 9B: Dental – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 14A: Chiropractic – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 14B: Chiropractic – BCP CLA

A. REIMBURSEMENT CHANGES

Generally, the HMOs are not required to reimburse providers in relation to the Medicaid fee schedule with a few exceptions. There are five areas where HMOs are contractually required to pay a minimum of 100% of the FFS Medicaid rate: Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC), Rural Health Center (RHC), Indian Health Care Provider or Service (Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization, or I / T / U), dental, and out-of-network emergency services. However, most HMOs reimburse providers at the Medicaid fee schedule or at a percentage of the Medicaid fee schedule. In these instances, they would be required to apply changes to the Medicaid fee schedule as appropriate. Therefore, we applied reimbursement adjustments to the experience consistent with projected Medicaid fee schedule changes. We are not aware of any other material anticipated fee changes other than the items mentioned in this section.

Hospital Inpatient Re-Pricing Adjustment

DHS provides a detailed encounter dataset with hospital inpatient claims, excluding skilled nursing facility (SNF), re-priced to the inpatient Medicaid reimbursement rates effective January 1, 2020. We used this data to calculate the impact of reimbursement changes on the historical 2017 and 2018 hospital inpatient claims by eligibility category, year, and region. Table 11 summarizes the hospital inpatient re-pricing adjustments for 2020 fee changes (prior to the 'other reimbursement adjustments' described below) applied to the base encounter hospital inpatient claims.

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Table 11						
Wisconsin Department of Health Services						
Hospital Inpatient Re-Pricing Adjustments (Excluding Skilled Nursing Facility)						
	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6
BadgerCare Plus Standard						
Medical – 2017	1.216	1.163	1.254	1.177	1.163	1.198
Medical – 2018	1.123	1.127	1.164	1.081	1.117	1.097
Maternity	1.017	1.012	1.042	1.010	1.031	1.023
BadgerCare Plus Childless Adults						
Medical – 2017	1.055	1.046	1.035	0.985	1.026	1.005
Medical – 2018	1.012	1.002	1.024	0.990	1.021	1.015

Hospital Outpatient Re-Pricing Adjustment

Similar to hospital inpatient claims, DHS provided re-priced hospital outpatient claims, excluding hospice, based on the Medicaid fees effective January 1, 2020. Table 12 summarizes the hospital outpatient re-pricing adjustments for 2020 fee changes (prior to the 'other reimbursement adjustments' described below) applied to the base encounter hospital outpatient claims.

Table 12						
Wisconsin Department of Health Services						
Hospital Outpatient Re-Pricing Adjustments (excluding Hospice)						
	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6
BadgerCare Plus Standard						
Medical – 2017	1.058	1.106	1.032	1.092	1.094	1.081
Medical – 2018	1.106	1.112	1.085	1.120	1.099	1.074
Maternity	1.051	1.117	1.031	1.073	1.049	1.075
BadgerCare Plus Childless Adults						
Medical – 2017	1.002	1.078	0.981	1.022	1.054	1.044
Medical – 2018	1.050	1.069	1.054	1.074	1.067	1.061

Other Reimbursement Adjustments

Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC)

The Medicaid fee schedule for ASC services changed effective January 1, 2018 and July 1, 2018. DHS repriced all ASC claims incurred between January 2017 through December 2018 at the new Medicaid rate effective July 1, 2018, and provided the percentage change between each experience period and the contract period. The overall ASC reimbursement change is a 54.3% increase for 2017 and a 6.9% decrease for 2018. We applied reimbursement factors based on the proportion of ASC claims to total claims in the "Professional Outpatient Surgery" service category.

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Behavioral Health

The Medicaid fee schedule for specific behavioral health services increased 30.5% effective January 1, 2018. We applied reimbursement factors to the 2017 encounter data based on the proportion of these behavioral health claims to total claims in the “Professional Psychiatric / Substance Abuse,” “Professional Other,” and “FQHC Other” service categories.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

The Medicaid fee schedule for specific DME services decreased 11.1% effective January 1, 2019 and an additional 25% decrease is planned for four oxygen-related CPT codes (E0424, E0431, E0434, E0439) effective January 1, 2020. We applied reimbursement factors to the “Other Durable Medical Equipment” service category to reflect the estimated decrease in Medicaid reimbursement.

Hospice

The Medicaid fee schedule for hospice services changed on October 1, 2017 and October 1, 2018. DHS repriced all hospice claims incurred from January 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018 to the current rate effective October 1, 2018. DHS estimated the impact of these fee schedule changes to be an 11.8% increase for 2017 claims and a 4.4% increase for 2018 claims. We applied reimbursement factors to the Hospice service category to reflect the estimated increase in Medicaid reimbursement.

IMD

CMS requires IMD experience included in the capitation rate development to be based on the unit costs for State plan services. To be consistent with this requirement, we applied a 0.91 unit cost adjustment to HMO encounter base period IMD claims based on the ratio of the historical average cost per day for inpatient psychiatric and substance abuse stays to IMD stays using 2018 encounter data re-priced to 2020.

Personal Care

The Medicaid fee schedule for personal care services (procedure codes T1019 and 99509) increased by 2% effective July 1, 2017, another 2% effective July 1, 2018, and an additional 14.41% increase will become effective January 1, 2020. We applied an increase of 17.9% for 2017 (i.e., $1.01 * 1.02 * 1.1441$) and 15.6% for 2018 (i.e., $1.01 * 1.1441$). We applied reimbursement factors to the “Other - Personal Care” service category to reflect the increase applicable to each year.

Professional Evaluation and Management

The Medicaid fee schedule for specific professional evaluation and management services will increase effective January 1, 2020 by either 33% or 6% depending on the provider type, specialty type, and procedure code. We applied reimbursement factors to the applicable detailed service categories within the broad service categories of professional and FQHC / RHC.

Private Duty Nursing

The Medicaid fee schedule for specific private duty nursing services increased between 10% and 30% on September 1, 2018. We did not apply any adjustments because the impact was immaterial due to the low volume of these services in the base period experience.

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B. PROGRAM CHANGES

Benefit Changes

IMD Utilization Adjustment

IMD services are routinely provided by HMOs in lieu of inpatient psychiatric admissions. Consistent with CMS rate setting requirements, we adjusted the HMO encounter base period utilization to exclude IMD stays of more than 15 days within a given month. For example, if a member was in an IMD for 20 days in one month, we excluded all 20 days for that month. These adjustments are shown in the benefit adjustment column of Exhibit 2 in the 'Hospital Inpatient IMD' service category.

We also reviewed the impact of removing the member months and non-IMD claims for members with over 15 days in an IMD for a given month from the 2020 capitation rates. Similar to the 2019 rate development, we determined the impact of this adjustment was not material, so we did not incorporate any specific adjustments into the rate development. We deemed these adjustments to be immaterial, since they round to 1.000 in all regions.

Methadone Treatment Claim Removal

DHS will reimburse the cost of methadone treatment on a FFS basis outside the capitation rates in 2020, similar to 2018 and 2019, due to uncertainty around the base period experience as a result of claim payment issues between narcotic treatment service (NTS) providers and the HMOs. We removed the 2017 methadone treatment claims from the base period encounter data, as shown in the benefit adjustment column of Exhibit 2 in the "Professional Psychiatric / Substance Abuse" service category. The 2018 methadone treatment claims were already excluded from the base period experience and, therefore, no further adjustment was necessary.

Addition of Coverage for Transgender Services

DHS added coverage for transgender services in response to a permanent injunction signed on October 31, 2019. We did not apply an explicit adjustment to the capitation rates for this additional coverage because we determined the impact of this change is expected to be immaterial.

Copay Changes

The base data used for rate setting is net of member cost sharing, even if an HMO waives the cost sharing amounts. We applied adjustments for the following member cost sharing changes:

1. Added member copays for non-emergent visits to the emergency room in the BCP Childless Adults program for the period from July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. We assumed 25% of emergency room visits would be considered non-emergency related based on Exhibit 3 of the article <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5754025/>.
2. Removed all member cost sharing from January 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020, since members will not have cost sharing during this period as DHS implements the reporting of actual member cost sharing in the encounter data.

These adjustments are shown in the copay adjustment column of Exhibit 2.

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C. TREND

The annual trend assumptions (excluding Medicaid reimbursement changes) are shown in Table 13. We developed the trend assumptions based on historical trends, Medicaid industry trends, and actuarial judgment.

Table 13 Wisconsin Department of Health Services Annual Trend Factors		
	BCP Standard	BCP Childless Adults
Hospital Inpatient	2.0%	2.0%
Hospital Outpatient	2.0%	2.0%
Professional and Other	1.0%	1.0%
Dental	7.0%	5.0%

We did not apply utilization trends to maternity kick payment claims since the kick payments are made per delivery.

As part of our trend analysis, we reviewed historical trends from 2016 to 2018 in the HMO encounter data, HMO financial data (including emerging 2019 experience), and FFS data by eligibility category, region, and broad category of service. We also reviewed historical hospital inpatient and outpatient trends from 2016 to 2018 re-priced to the 2019 Medicaid fee schedule to remove the impact of annual reimbursement changes. Table 14 summarizes the historical HMO encounter utilization and case mix trends.

Table 14 Wisconsin Department of Health Services Annual 2016 to 2018 Medical Utilization and Case Mix Trends						
	BCP Standard			BCP Childless Adults		
	Utilization	Case Mix ¹	Combined	Utilization	Case Mix ¹	Combined
2016 to 2017						
Hospital Inpatient	4.0%	1.1%	5.2%	6.9%	0.8%	7.8%
Hospital Outpatient	-0.5%	2.1%	1.7%	-1.4%	-0.5%	-1.9%
Professional	-0.4%	0.6%	0.2%	-0.4%	-2.1%	-2.4%
2017 to 2018						
Hospital Inpatient	-4.0%	0.6%	-3.4%	-1.2%	2.5%	1.2%
Hospital Outpatient	1.9%	0.8%	2.7%	3.0%	3.1%	6.1%
Professional	-0.2%	2.1%	1.9%	-0.8%	1.6%	0.8%
Average 2016 to 2018						
Hospital Inpatient	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	2.8%	1.6%	4.5%
Hospital Outpatient	0.7%	1.5%	2.2%	0.8%	1.3%	2.1%
Professional	-0.3%	1.3%	1.0%	-0.6%	-0.3%	-0.8%

¹ Case mix trend is the change in the PMPMs re-priced at 2019 fees after excluding the impact of utilization.

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- **Hospital Inpatient:** We assumed an annual hospital inpatient trend of 2% for BCP Standard and BCP CLA. This assumes about a 1% increase in utilization and 1% increase in case mix and is largely based on the BCP historical hospital inpatient trends. The BCP Standard utilization trend was flat over the 2-year period from 2016 to 2018, but fluctuated on an annual basis, while the case mix trend was about 1% for each year. The BCP CLA utilization trend from 2016 to 2017 was impacted by the change in the distribution of the member mix by policy duration, as reflected in the 2016 to 2017 adjustment of 1.011 we included in the development of the 2019 capitation rates across all services. The BCP CLA utilization and case mix combined trend from 2017 to 2018 was slightly less than our annual trend assumption. We assumed an inpatient trend assumption of 2% (compared to 3% for the 2019 capitation rates) to reflect lower trends from 2017 to 2018 compared to the 2015 to 2017 trends reviewed for the 2019 capitation rates.
- **Hospital Outpatient:** We assumed an annual hospital outpatient trend of 2% for BCP Standard and BCP CLA. The assumption is based mainly on the historical hospital outpatient combined utilization and case mix trends for both populations shown in Table 14 and is the same as our trend assumption in the 2019 capitation rates.
- **Professional and Other:** We assumed an annual physician trend of 1% for BCP Standard and BCP CLA. This assumption is based mainly on the historical physician combined utilization and case mix trends from 2016 to 2018 for BCP Standard and 2017 to 2018 for BCP CLA shown in Table 14 and is 0.5% less than our annual trend assumption in the 2019 capitation rates. We also applied the professional trend to the services in the “FQHC / RHC” and “Other” broad service categories.
- **Dental:** We assumed an annual dental trend of 7% for BCP Standard and 5% for BCP CLA. We considered 2016 to 2018 dental trends for HMO financial data in regions 5 and 6 as shown in Table 15. We also considered early 2019 HMO financial data to support our trend assumptions. We decreased the trend assumptions from the annual 9% used for BCP Standard and CLA in the development of the 2019 capitation rates due to lower actual trends from 2017 to 2018 than in prior years. We assumed higher trends than experienced from 2017 to 2018 due to efforts to improve member access to dental services.

Table 15		
Wisconsin Department of Health Services		
Annual 2016 to 2018 PMPM HMO Financial Data Dental Trends		
	BCP Standard	BCP CLA
2016 to 2017	13.9%	4.6%
2017 to 2018	3.6%	-2.1%
Average 2016 to 2018	8.8%	1.3%

The trend assumptions are intended to reflect utilization and cost impacts not already specifically accounted for in the other adjustments documented in this report.

We also reviewed the claim trends summarized from the CMS Office of the Actuary (OACT) in the 2017 Actuarial Report on the Financial Outlook for Medicaid. This report projects future Medicaid per enrollee cost trends will be higher than historical trends and states the higher trends are, in part, due to anticipated higher provider reimbursement. We projected the BCP provider reimbursement trends

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separately from the remainder of the claim trend. As a result, our remaining claim trend projection is expected to be generally lower than OACT's total claim trend projected in Table 16.

Table 16
Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Summary of Projected National Medicaid Benefit Expenditures per Enrollee
Table 22 of the 2017 Actuarial Report on the Financial Outlook for Medicaid
Published by the CMS Office of the Actuary

Federal Fiscal Year	Children		Adults*	
	Projected Medicaid Cost per Enrollee	Annual Trend	Projected Medicaid Cost per Enrollee	Annual Trend
2016	\$3,555	n/a	\$5,159	n/a
2017	\$3,592	1.0%	\$5,288	2.5%
2018	\$3,822	6.4%	\$5,645	6.8%
2019	\$3,952	3.4%	\$5,855	3.7%
2020	\$4,139	4.7%	\$6,152	5.1%
Average Projected Annual Trend		3.9%	4.5%	

*Adults exclude aged and disabled.

D. BLENDING OF 2020 PROJECTED CLAIMS BY YEAR

For all eligibility categories and regions, we weighted the 2020 claim projections from 2017 and 2018 experience based on the member month volume in each period.

E. ADMINISTRATIVE COST AND RISK MARGIN ALLOWANCE

The following exhibits add the administrative cost and risk margin allowance to the projected 2020 claim costs by eligibility category and region:

- Exhibit 3: Medical
- Exhibit 8: Maternity
- Exhibit 10: Dental
- Exhibit 15: Chiropractic

Administrative Cost / Risk Margin Allowance for Medical, Dental, and Chiropractic Rates

We developed the administrative allowances in the 2020 capitation rates based on the 2017 and 2018 financial data provided by the HMOs. HMOs generally allocated their administrative expenses by eligibility category using simple methods such as member months, claims, or revenue. As a result, we grouped HMOs by their participating eligibility categories to better estimate administrative expenses by eligibility category and projected expenses from 2018 to 2020 using a 3.1% annual trend. Table 17 summarizes the administrative cost and risk margin assumptions applied to the medical, dental, and chiropractic rates, which use the same percentages. We decreased the administrative cost allowances in total by 0.5% from the 2019 capitation rates for each program and used the same risk margin allowances as the 2019 capitation rates.

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Table 17
Wisconsin Department of Health Services
2020 Administrative Cost and Risk Margin Assumptions
Medical, Dental, and Chiropractic Capitation Rates

Administrative Cost Components	BCP Standard	BCP Childless Adults
Direct Expenses	6.5%	5.2%
Indirect Expenses	6.1%	4.8%
Care Coordination	2.2%	1.7%
Licensing and Regulatory Fees	0.0%	0.0%
Sales and Marketing	0.7%	0.3%
Total Administrative Cost Allowance	15.5%	12.0%
Risk Margin Allowance	2.0%	2.0%
Administrative Cost / Risk Margin Allowance	17.5%	14.0%

The 2020 BCP capitation rates exclude any provision for federal or state income taxes or state premium taxes, since HMOs are expected to pay any of these applicable taxes out of the risk margin included in the capitation rates. Through our financial reporting template, we asked for historical MLR qualified taxes and fee amounts (excluding the health insurer fee reimbursed outside of the capitation for applicable experience years) and did not observe any material reported amounts.

The administrative loads are higher on a percentage basis than are typically used in other states because Wisconsin carves out prescription drugs from the capitation rates, resulting in lower medical costs. On average, the projected 2020 statewide administrative allowance for medical services is \$20.20 PMPM for BCP Standard and \$38.36 PMPM for CLA as shown in Exhibit 3 based on the base period demographic mix by rate cell and region.

The risk margin allowance is 2% of capitation for all rate cells.

Administrative Cost / Risk Margin Allowance for Maternity Kick Payments

We applied an administrative cost allowance of 5% and risk margin allowance of 2% for the maternity kick payments. The 2020 statewide administrative cost allowance for maternity kick payments is about \$327 per delivery or about \$30 PMPM assuming there are 11 months of eligibility per delivery (including two months post-delivery).

We do not have actual administrative expenses for maternity kick payments because the HMOs do not track administrative expenses specific to maternity services. However, we included the administrative costs for maternity kick payments in our aggregate administrative cost projection to ensure we did not over-project administrative expenses by including administrative expenses in the maternity kick payments.

F. ALLOCATION OF BASE CAPITATION RATES BY RATE CELL

The 2020 base capitation rates are allocated by rate cell using the cost relativities among age bands based on statewide data. The regional rates by eligibility category are based on region specific total costs, but the relationships between age bands were standardized to statewide relativities.

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The following exhibits show the calculation for each eligibility category and type of coverage:

- Exhibit 4A: Medical – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 4B: Medical – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 11A: Dental – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 11B: Dental – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 15A: Chiropractic – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 15B: Chiropractic – BCP CLA

The following steps were used to calculate capitation rates by rate cell and region:

1. **Develop statewide rate cell factors:** For each eligibility category, type of coverage, and rate cell, we calculated the statewide projected costs by rate cell and calculated the relativity PMPM to the overall costs PMPM.
2. **Normalize statewide rate cell factors to 1.0 by region and eligibility category:** For each region and eligibility category, the statewide rate cell factors are normalized, so the rates by rate cell produce the overall capitation rate by region and eligibility category based on the member months in the base data used in the 2020 rate calculation.
3. **Apply rate cell factors to capitation rates by region and eligibility category:** The normalized regional rate cell factors in step 2 are multiplied by the base capitation rates by region, type of coverage, and eligibility category to determine the normalized rates by rate cell and region.

G. DENTAL UTILIZATION ADJUSTMENT

The 2020 dental capitation rates include HMO-specific adjustments to compensate HMOs with higher utilization, while still providing funding to HMOs with lower dental utilization to provide an incentive to provide increased dental services. The variation in dental PMPM costs by HMO is driven by differences in the utilization of dental services and promoting access to dental care, and also by differences in dental provider networks and negotiated reimbursement. The adjustments are budget neutral across the HMOs based on July 2019 membership and reflect 25% of the difference between each HMO's dental claims PMPM relative to the average cost for HMOs included in the adjustment calculation. The adjustments are shown in Exhibit 12 and applied in Exhibit 13.

H. POTENTIAL RETROACTIVE RATE AMENDMENT

Health Insurer Provider Fee

Plan reimbursement for costs related to the Affordable Care Act (ACA) HIF have historically been developed outside of the rate development. The base period claims experience excludes HIF payments. If the HIF would be required for 2020, subject to any legal determinations, we will file a retroactive amendment to the capitation rates.

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IV. FINAL HMO-SPECIFIC CAPITATION RATES

This section of the report summarizes the development of final medical (HMO-specific) and dental capitation rates, including applicable risk score adjustments, P4P withholds, and provider access payments.

These adjustments are summarized in the following exhibits:

- Exhibit 6A: Medical – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 6B: Medical – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 13A: Dental – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 13B: Dental – BCP CLA
- Exhibit 21A: Final HMO-Specific Capitation Rates by Type of Coverage – BCP Standard
- Exhibit 21B: Final HMO-Specific Capitation Rates by Type of Coverage – BCP CLA

A. RISK SCORE ADJUSTMENTS

Risk adjustment is an important tool for the development and sustainability of Medicaid managed care programs and helps align incentives between capitated plans and state Medicaid managed care programs. Risk adjustment, if done properly, allows capitated plans to succeed based on how efficiently they can deliver care and negotiate provider reimbursement, rather than on how well they can enroll the healthiest individuals.

Risk adjusted payment systems are intended to alleviate some of the inequities brought on by selection. If a capitated plan enrolls a healthier population, the risk adjustment system will lower its payments and reduce overpayments to capitated plans that experience positive selection. Likewise, if a capitated plan experiences adverse selection and consequently enrolls a sicker population, the risk adjustment system will increase its payments to reflect their enrollees' sicker health status.

Risk adjustment models estimate the relative morbidity of individuals. The tools use demographic and health care claims data to develop these morbidity measures. These measures can be used to better predict future health care costs in order to adjust payment.

This section describes the development of the risk adjustment system that will be used to risk adjust payments for the 2020 BCP Standard and CLA capitation rates.

Exhibit 5 summarizes the risk score adjustments applied to the base 2020 capitation rates to calculate HMO-specific risk-adjusted 2020 BCP medical capitation rates (before P4P withholds and provider access payments).

CDPS Risk Score Model Overview

The BCP risk adjustment process uses the Chronic Illness and Disability Payment System plus Prescription Drug (CDPS+Rx) model structure developed by The University of California – San Diego (UCSD). UCSD developed three models, as described below.

- CDPS is a diagnostic classification system that Medicaid programs can use to make health-based capitated payments for TANF and disabled Medicaid beneficiaries. CDPS uses ICD-10 diagnostic codes to assess risk and assigns each member to one or more of 58 possible medical condition categories from 19 major diagnostic categories. Each member is also assigned to one of 11

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age / gender categories. All of the 19 major diagnostic categories are “hierarchic” categories in that only the single most severe diagnostic category within the major category is counted. Single counting within major categories is intended to avoid encouraging a proliferation of different diagnoses reported for a single disease process just to increase payment.

- MRX is a pharmacy based risk adjustment model that may be used to adjust capitated payments to capitated plans that enroll Medicaid beneficiaries. The MRX model assigns each member to one or more of 45 medical condition categories based on the prescription drugs used by each member and to one of 11 age / gender categories.
- CDPS+Rx includes the full set of diagnosis categories from the CDPS model, as well as 15 categories from the MRX model that are embedded within the CDPS hierarchy. The researchers at UCSD limited the MRX categories to the 15 that added predictive power to the diagnostic model (i.e., both relatively common and significant predictors of cost) and were relatively less susceptible to variations in practice patterns.

CDPS, MRX, and CDPS+Rx are widely used in the Medicaid industry because they are designed specifically for the Medicaid population. We used the structure of version 6.3 for the 2019 and 2020 capitation rates.

Risk adjustment can be implemented in one of two ways:

- Concurrent risk adjustment: Diagnoses and pharmacy data from one time period are used to predict the acuity of the population in that same time period. Risk scores under concurrent risk adjustment methods are influenced by acute and one-time conditions in addition to reflecting chronic conditions.
- Prospective risk adjustment: Diagnoses and pharmacy data from a prior time period are used to predict the acuity of the population in a future time period. There is typically a lag of 6 to 12 months between the historical period and the prediction period. The longer the lag is, the less accurate the prediction of future costs becomes.

For 2019 capitation rates, we developed separate prospective risk weight models for the BCP Standard and CLA populations, which used 2015 to 2016 diagnoses to predict 2016 to 2017 costs. These custom risk weight models, which we will refer to as the “custom prospective models,” reflect Wisconsin’s specific covered benefits, eligibility rules, provider reimbursement, and practice patterns. We used these same custom risk weight models for the 2020 capitation rates.

R-squared measures the variability in a data set accounted for by the statistical model. R-squared values for regression models vary from 0% to 100%, with 100% indicating a model that explains all the variation in a particular data set. The custom prospective regression models calibrated to the BCP Standard and BCP CLA populations have R-squared measures of 13.4% and 14.5%, respectively, which is comparable to typical prospective model predictive powers for comparable Medicaid populations.

Attachments B1 and B2 contain the model intercept and risk weights for the BCP Standard and CLA populations, respectively and show the statistical significance (p-value) and prevalence of each category. Attachments C1 and C2 show the mapping of the risk categories from the standard to the custom CDPS+Rx models for the BCP Standard and CLA populations, respectively. For purposes of developing risk weights, we combined severity levels for several of the CDPS+Rx standard risk categories to ensure a logical

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relationship between the risk weights and the severity level or in situations where individual categories did not provide additional statistical predictive ability.

Risk Adjustment Methodology and Data

The risk scores shown in Exhibit 5 are based on 2018 FFS claims and HMO encounter claims for HMO members from the encounter data extracts submitted to DHS by the HMOs.

Each scored individual receives a demographic relative cost weight and can have multiple disease categories assigned depending on that individual's health status. We used version 6.3 of the CDPS+Rx model to assign individuals to a demographic category and disease categories based on their diagnostic information and pharmacy utilization during 2018. The recipient age and gender is calculated as of July 1, 2019, and is used for demographic classification. Diagnostic codes from laboratory, radiology, and DME and medical supplies claims were excluded to avoid including false positive diagnostic indicators for tests run on individuals and equipment and supplies used.

For each member, the weights for all of the disease categories assigned are combined with their demographic information and the model intercept to calculate a total individual risk score under the custom prospective model. Scored members are assigned to the BCP Standard and CLA populations and to each HMO using capitation enrollment data provided by DHS for July 2019.

For each HMO, the unnormalized risk scores are derived by performing a weighted average of the cost weights using the count of risk scored member months associated with each demographic and diagnostic category. An example of the weighted average is provided below:

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Model Intercept} + [\text{Scored Member Months in Demographic Bucket}] \times [\text{Demographic Bucket} \\ & \text{Risk Weight}] + [\text{Scored Member Months with Condition \#1}] \times [\text{Condition \#1 Risk Weight}] + \\ & [\text{Scored Member Months with Condition \#2}] \times [\text{Condition \#2 Risk Weight}]) / [\text{Total HMO Scored} \\ & \text{Member Months}] = [\text{Unnormalized Risk Score}] \end{aligned}$$

In order to ensure budget neutrality, the risk scores are normalized within each combination of rate cell, region, and eligibility category by dividing each individual HMO's unnormalized risk score by the total enrolled population's unnormalized risk score.

The final HMO rates are calculated by multiplying the base capitation rates (before CDPS) by the HMO-specific normalized risk scores. New HMOs will receive capitation rates based on 1,000 risk scores.

BCP Standard capitation rates for newborns (age zero) are not risk adjusted since they do not have experience in the prior year to develop prospective risk scores.

Risk Adjustment Implementation Considerations

We made several adjustments to the "raw" risk score results to calculate the risk scores shown in Exhibit 5:

- Membership threshold for scoring a member – Risk adjustment methods typically use 12 months of historical data to assess risk. For members with less than 12 months of eligibility in that historical period, a determination is needed as to how to handle their risk assessment. We used a minimum of six months of eligibility for risk scoring.

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- Treatment of non-scored members – Individuals with too short of an eligibility span to assess their risk are often assigned risk based on their age and gender and / or based on some portion of the risk assessed in the capitated plan's population with full eligibility. We assumed that non-scored members of an HMO have a risk score equal to that HMO's rate cell average risk score within a given combination of region and eligibility category.
- Normalization by rate cell within each region and eligibility category – Risk adjustment is intended to measure the relative risk of populations enrolled by HMOs to develop capitation rate adjustments by HMO that are budget neutral. HMO risk factors are normalized to be budget neutral for each rate cell within each region and eligibility category based on projected (i.e., July 2019) member months.
- Credibility adjustments – Risk scores developed for small populations may not be credible due to the inherent variability of risk scores. For HMOs with fewer than 50 scored members in a given rate cell within a given combination of region and eligibility category, the normalized HMO risk score was set to 1.000 since the risk score result is not considered to be a credible measure of estimated future morbidity.
- HMOs with large enrollment growth or a lower percentage of scored members – Two HMOs (Trilogy and Independent Care) have a lower percentage of BCP Standard scored members than other HMOs. Therefore, we assigned partial (50%) credibility to their calculated BCP Standard normalized risk scores.

Retrospective Risk Score Adjustment

In addition to the risk scores being budget neutral on a prospective basis (based on July 2019 enrollment), DHS will perform a risk score settlement calculation to ensure risk scores are budget neutral on a retrospective basis based on actual 2020 enrollment by HMO.

Potential Risk Score Adjustments Based on Actual Membership

As noted above, we developed 2020 risk score adjustments for each HMO based on their July 2019 enrollment. Historically, risk scores have been established prospectively for each calendar year with no midyear adjustments. DHS will consider an update to average risk scores (i.e., using the same risk scores by member developed from 2018 experience) if we observe material changes in enrollment between 2019 and 2020.

B. PAY-FOR-PERFORMANCE WITHHOLDS

A P4P withhold of 2.5% of the capitation payment (prior to risk adjustment and provider access payments) applies to the BCP Standard medical capitation rates. There are no P4P withholds for BCP CLA for any coverage types and no BCP Standard P4P withholds on the maternity kick payment, dental, or chiropractic rates.

Based on historical withhold payment data from DHS, BCP HMOs have earned back at least 74% of the P4P withhold from 2011 to 2017 in aggregate. At this time, we are aware of some potential changes to the withhold quality measures for 2020 such as focusing on fewer measures and using 1% of the 2.5% for performance improvement plans to reduce health disparities. DHS believes the HMOs can improve their performance by focusing on fewer measures, and we are not aware of any significant changes expected

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for the 2020 withhold payouts. Additionally, the 2% risk margin allowance would be sufficient to cover a significant decrease in withhold earn back. Therefore, we are comfortable that the capitation rates included in this report are actuarially sound net of the P4P withholds.

C. QUALITY INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

DHS implemented a potentially preventable re-admissions (PPR) incentive payment program in 2018. The maximum incentive payment to any HMO may not be more than 5% of their capitation rate. The HMOs earned about \$3.7 million of the \$9 million potential incentive in 2018 and are required to share 85% of their earned incentive with providers.

D. DELIVERY SYSTEM AND PROVIDER PAYMENT INITIATIVES

Provider Access Payments

DHS provides funding to promote access for Medicaid individuals to acute care, rehabilitation, and critical access hospitals. This funding is included in the capitation rates for the BCP Standard population. The CLA population is not eligible for provider access payments.

The provider access payments will be made under a 438.6(c) preprint. The access payment preprint for the prior period is currently being reviewed by CMS, and DHS will submit the 2020 preprint to CMS for review once the prior preprint is approved. The access payments included in the 2020 capitation rates are consistent with the prior preprint submitted to CMS, and we do not anticipate any material changes between the prior and 2020 preprint. After the 2020 rating period is complete, DHS will submit documentation to CMS summarizing the total amount of access payments by rate cell, consistent with the rate certification.

The provider access payments are intended to reimburse providers based on Medicaid utilization. Therefore, the prospective payment amounts per service do not vary based on acuity or provider billed charges. The total provider access payment funding amounts for the BCP and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) programs combined are appropriated in the Wisconsin state budget on a State Fiscal Year (SFY) basis. The provider access payments are distributed based on utilization in the prior month (e.g., January 2020 payments are based on December 2019 admissions and visits).

Table 18 shows the SFY 2020 (July 2019 through June 2020) funding amounts for HMOs in total and the projections for BCP Standard versus SSI Medicaid Only.

Table 18			
Wisconsin Department of Health Services			
Projected 2020 Provider Access Payment Funding			
	SSI		
	BCP Standard	Medicaid Only	Total
Inpatient acute and rehabilitation	\$226,460,063	\$39,663,301	\$266,123,364
Outpatient acute and rehabilitation	\$180,790,955	\$36,946,343	\$217,737,298
Inpatient critical access	\$3,712,670	\$300,602	\$4,013,272
Outpatient critical access	\$2,920,908	\$362,678	\$3,283,586

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We do not anticipate the provider access payments to the HMOs will change from the amounts included in the 2020 capitation rates. To the extent the actual access payments do change, we will file a rate amendment to reflect these changes.

We allocated the funding amounts to BCP Standard versus SSI Medicaid Only and then by HMO based on the total projected mix of 2020 admissions (inpatient access payments), or visits (outpatient access payments) based on the base period experience, adjusted to reflect the impact of missing data adjustments. We then calculated a fixed PMPM amount for each HMO by program to add to the 2020 capitation rates.

The methodology used to calculate the 2020 provider access rate adjustments is summarized in the following steps:

- 1. Summarize Historical Utilization:** We summarized the total HMO encounter base period utilization PMPM by HMO, eligibility category, region, and rate cell for providers eligible to receive provider access payments. The utilization counts are admissions for inpatient access payments and visits for outpatient access payments. We used the lists of National Provider Identification (NPI) codes for facilities eligible for each type of provider access payment provided by DHS. All hospitals in the state qualify for access payments with the exception of psychiatric hospitals.
- 2. Project 2020 Utilization Mix:** We projected the mix of utilization PMPM by HMO, eligibility category, region, and rate cell to 2020.

For rate cells with at least 250 member months in the base period, the adjusted utilization PMPM is calculated as the base period utilization multiplied by the missing data adjustment. For other rate cells with less than 250 member months, we developed the adjusted utilization PMPM based on the regional average base period utilization PMPM with missing data adjustment across all HMOs.

We converted the adjusted utilization PMPM to total utilization counts based on the projected 2020 member months by rate cell (based on July 2019 membership).

- 3. Calculate Provider Access Payment Rate Adjustments:** We allocated the total provider access payments by HMO based on the adjusted utilization and calculated the provider access payments PMPM by dividing the total allocated provider access payments by the total projected 2020 member months.

The provider access payment add-ons are calculated for each HMO with credible membership. New HMOs, if applicable, will receive the average regional PMPM adjustment. Exhibit 20A summarizes the 2020 provider access payments PMPM. Exhibits 20B through 20E show the adjusted utilization, July 2019 membership, and projected 2020 provider access payment dollars by HMO and region for each type of provider access payment.

Exhibit 21 shows the final 2020 capitation rates by HMO and type of coverage, including any applicable CDPS, P4P, and provider access payments.

Other Delivery System and Provider Payment Initiatives

HMOs are contractually required to pay a minimum of 100% of the FFS Medicaid rate for the following providers / services:

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- FQHC and RHC providers
- Indian Health Care providers or services (Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization or I / T / U)
- Dental services
- Out of network emergency services

We did not include any capitation rate adjustments for these services, since the base data used for rate development reflects the Medicaid fee schedules for all claims. DHS will submit 438.6(c) preprints to CMS for 2020 provider access payments, dental services, and sub-acute psychiatric community-based psychiatric and recovery center services.

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V. CAPITATION RATES FOR ENHANCED FMAP SERVICES

DHS receives enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) for certain preventive services provided without member copayments, family planning services, and services provided to Native Americans or Alaskan Native members at facilities officially recognized as Indian Health Services (IHS) facilities. This section of the report documents the development of the 2020 capitation rates for services eligible for enhanced FMAP. There are no services eligible for enhanced FMAP in the dental or chiropractic capitation rates.

The medical capitation rates for services eligible for enhanced FMAP are summarized in the following exhibits:

- Exhibit 22: Overall FMAP capitation rates
- Exhibit 23A: FMAP capitation rates for BCP Standard rate cells (preventive services)
- Exhibit 23B: FMAP capitation rates for BCP CLA rate cells (preventive services)
- Exhibit 24A: FMAP capitation rates for BCP Standard rate cells (family planning services)
- Exhibit 24B: FMAP capitation rates for BCP CLA rate cells (family planning services)
- Exhibit 25A: FMAP capitation rates for BCP Standard rate cells (IHS)
- Exhibit 25B: FMAP capitation rates for BCP CLA rate cells (IHS)
- Exhibit 26: FMAP maternity kick payments

A. SERVICES ELIGIBLE FOR ENHANCED FMAP

Appendix D includes a summary of the criteria DHS used to identify services eligible for enhanced FMAP in the base data. We assigned the categories in the hierarchical order of IHS, family planning, and preventive so no services are double counted.

B. METHODOLOGY USED TO DEVELOP FMAP PORTION OF CAPITATION PAYMENTS / MATERNITY KICK PAYMENTS

The methodology used to develop the portion of the medical capitation rates and maternity kick payments represented by enhanced FMAP services is summarized in the following steps:

- **Project 2020 claim costs:**
 - Preventive Services: The projected 2020 medical cost PMPM for zero copay preventive services is developed in Exhibit 2 (medical capitation rates). We did not identify any zero copay preventive services in the maternity kick payment base experience.
 - Family Planning Services: The projected 2020 medical cost PMPM for family planning services is developed in Exhibit 2 (medical capitation rates) and Exhibit 7 (maternity kick payments).
 - IHS: The projected 2020 medical cost PMPM for IHS services is developed in Exhibit 2 (medical capitation rates) and Exhibit 7 (maternity kick payments).

Please refer to Section II for a discussion of the base period data and adjustments and Section III for the assumptions used to project the base period experience to 2020.

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- **Add administrative cost and margin allowance:** The administrative cost and margin allowance is added to the projected claim costs in Exhibit 22 (medical capitation rates) and Exhibit 26 (maternity kick payments). The administrative cost and margin allowance added to the services eligible for enhanced FMAP is the same as the allowance added to the total medical capitation rate and maternity kick payments and is summarized in Section III.E.
- **Allocate regional capitation rates by rate cell:** The medical capitation rates are allocated by rate cell based on statewide rate cell factors normalized to the base period mix of member months by rate cell in each region. These calculations are shown in Exhibit 23 (preventive services), Exhibit 24 (family planning), and Exhibit 25 (IHS). This methodology is described in detail in Section III.F. This step does not apply for the maternity kick payments since these payments do not vary by rate cell.
- **Apply P4P withholds:** The BCP Standard P4P withhold of 2.5% is applied to the capitation rates by rate cell in Exhibit 23 (preventive services), Exhibit 24 (family planning), and Exhibit 25 (IHS). This step does not apply to the BCP Childless Adult capitation rates or the BCP Standard maternity kick payments since these payments are not subject to the P4P withhold.

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VI. CMS RATE SETTING CHECKLIST

This section of the report lists each item in the CMS checklist and either discusses how DHS addresses each issue or directs the reader to other parts of this report. CMS uses the rate setting checklist to review and approve a state's Medicaid capitation rates.

AA.1.0 – OVERVIEW OF RATE SETTING METHODOLOGY

Please refer to Sections I through V of the report for a description of the rate setting methodology.

AA.1.1 – ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATION

Appendix E includes the actuarial certification.

AA.1.2 – PROJECTION OF EXPENDITURES

Exhibits 17 through 19 show the expected rate change from the 2019 to 2020 capitation rates by eligibility category, HMO, and rate cell excluding provider access payments.

AA.1.3 – RISK CONTRACTS

DHS' contract with the HMO receiving the capitation rates in this report meets the criteria of a risk contract.

AA.1.4 – RATE MODIFICATIONS

The 2020 capitation rates in this report are the initial rates for the contract period.

NOTE – THERE IS NO ITEM AA.1.5 IN THE RATE SETTING CHECKLIST

AA.1.6 – LIMIT ON PAYMENT TO OTHER PROVIDERS

It is our understanding no payment is made to a provider other than the HMOs for services available under the contract.

AA.1.7 – RISK AND PROFIT

Targeted margin is considered as part of the final rate development as described in Section III.E of the report.

AA.1.8 – FAMILY PLANNING ENHANCED MATCH

DHS claims enhanced match for family planning services and the administrative and margin portion associated with the delivery of those services. Please refer to Section V of this report for the development of capitation rates for services eligible for enhanced match.

AA.1.9 – INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITY ENHANCED MATCH

DHS claims enhanced match for services provided to Native Americans or Alaskan Native members at facilities officially recognized as IHS facilities and the administrative and margin associated with the delivery

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of these services for the population covered under this program. Please refer to Section V of this report for the development of capitation rates for services eligible for enhanced match.

AA.1.10 – NEWLY ELIGIBLE ENHANCED MATCH

Wisconsin has not expanded its Medicaid eligibility rules to include adult populations that can be covered under the Medicaid expansion provisions of the Affordable Care Act.

AA.1.11 – RETROACTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

Please see response to Section AA.1.4. Any future retroactive capitation adjustments will be limited to a maximum period of two years.

AA.2.0 – BASED ONLY UPON SERVICES COVERED UNDER THE STATE PLAN

The Medicaid base data includes only State Plan services covered by the BCP Medicaid managed care program and the IMD experience (with adjustments) and “Sub-Acute Psychiatric Community-Based Psychiatric and Recovery Center Services” covered in lieu of inpatient psychiatric admissions.

AA.2.1 – PROVIDED UNDER THE CONTRACT TO MEDICAID-ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS

Data for populations not eligible to enroll in a BCP HMO has been excluded from the base data. The payment rates provided under the contract are for Medicaid-eligible individuals only.

AA.2.2 – DATA SOURCES

Please refer to Section II.A of this report for a discussion of the base year utilization and cost data.

AA.3.0 – ADJUSTMENTS TO BASE YEAR DATA

All adjustments to the base year data are discussed in Sections II – IV of this report. In addition, each item in the checklist is addressed in items AA.3.1 – AA.3.17 below.

AA.3.1 – BENEFIT DIFFERENCES

The base data used to calculate the capitation rates only includes services covered under the managed care contract and the in lieu of services mentioned in item AA.2.0. Please see Section III.B. for details regarding benefit changes.

AA.3.2 – ADMINISTRATIVE COST ALLOWANCE CALCULATIONS

The administrative cost allowances are discussed in Section III.E of this report and summarized in Table 17.

AA.3.3 – SPECIAL POPULATION ADJUSTMENTS

The base data used to calculate the capitation rates is consistent with the managed care population. No special population adjustments were necessary.

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AA.3.4 – ELIGIBILITY ADJUSTMENTS

The base data used to calculate the capitation rates is consistent with the managed care population. No eligibility adjustments were necessary.

AA.3.5 – THIRD PARTY LIABILITY (TPL)

The HMOs are responsible for the collection of any TPL recoveries. As such, the HMO encounter data already includes the impact of TPL recoveries. Any TPL recovered outside of the encounter data (e.g., subrogation) is included in the “Payments Made Outside Encounter Data” row of Exhibits 1 and 2.

AA.3.6 – INDIAN HEALTH CARE PROVIDER PAYMENTS

The HMOs are responsible for the entirety of the IHC payments, which are fully reflected in the encounter data.

AA.3.7 – DSH PAYMENTS

DSH payments are not included in the capitation rates.

AA.3.8 – FQHC AND RHC REIMBURSEMENT

HMOs are required to reimburse Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) and Rural Health Clinic (RHC) centers at a minimum of Medicaid rates.

AA.3.9 – GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION (GME)

GME payments are excluded from the base data.

AA.3.10 – COPAYMENTS, COINSURANCE, AND DEDUCTIBLES IN CAPITATED RATES

Please refer to Section III.B of this report for details regarding copay adjustments applied in the capitation rate development.

AA.3.11 – MEDICAL COST TREND INFLATION

Please refer to Sections III.A and III.C of this report.

AA.3.12 – UTILIZATION ADJUSTMENTS

Please refer to Sections III.B, III.C, and III.G of this report.

AA.3.13 – UTILIZATION AND COST ASSUMPTIONS

The base data for all capitation rates is appropriate for the populations to be covered. Managed care enrollment is mandatory for BCP. The base utilization and cost data for the capitation rates includes HMO encounter data, HMO financial data, and FFS data. The blending of each claim projection by base period year is discussed in Section III.D.

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The dental rates in regions 1 to 4 are based on FFS data, since HMOs do not currently cover dental services in those regions. Chiropractic rates in all regions are based on FFS data, since very few HMOs were contracted to cover chiropractic services during the base period and, therefore, credible HMO encounter data is not available.

AA.3.14 – POST-ELIGIBILITY TREATMENT OF INCOME (PETI)

The BCP program excludes members and services subject to this type of patient liability.

AA.3.15 – INCOMPLETE DATA ADJUSTMENT

The capitation rates include an adjustment to reflect IBNR claims. We also adjusted the HMO encounter data for apparent underreporting. See Section II.D for additional details.

AA.3.16 – PRIMARY CARE RATE ENHANCEMENT

The 2017 and 2018 base period data excludes enhancements to payment rates made to primary care providers, which expired on December 31, 2014. Therefore, no adjustments were necessary.

AA.3.17 – HEALTH HOMES

The Wisconsin Department of Health Services has a health home pilot for members with AIDS / HIV who receive services provided through the AIDS Resource Center of Wisconsin (ARCW). Effective January 1, 2016, members enrolled in this health home pilot program were no longer required to disenroll from Medicaid managed care HMOs.

AA.4.0 – ESTABLISH RATE CATEGORY GROUPINGS

Please refer to Section I.B of this report.

AA.4.1 – ELIGIBILITY CATEGORIES

Please refer to Section I.B of this report.

AA.4.2 – AGE

Please refer to Section I.B of this report.

AA.4.3 – GENDER

The capitation rates do not vary by gender.

AA.4.4 – LOCALITY / REGION

Please refer to Section I.B of this report.

AA.4.5 – RISK ADJUSTMENT

The BCP Standard and CLA medical capitation rates are risk adjusted using an actuarially sound CDPS + Rx methodology. Please refer to Section IV.A for a description of the risk adjustment methodology.

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AA.5.0 – DATA SMOOTHING

In general, the medical capitation rate methodology uses smoothing techniques in two ways:

- The methodology uses two years of base data to smooth random fluctuation that occurs on a year-to-year basis.
- Capitation rates are first set by eligibility category and region in Exhibit 3 (medical), Exhibit 10 (dental), and Exhibit 15 (chiropractic). Statewide cost relationships are then used to develop statewide rate cell factors within each eligibility category, which are applied on a cost-neutral basis to convert the region capitation rates into capitation rates by rate cell and region in Exhibit 4 (medical), Exhibit 11 (dental), and Exhibit 16 (chiropractic).

AA.5.1 – COST-NEUTRAL DATA SMOOTHING ADJUSTMENT

Exhibit 4 (medical), Exhibit 11 (dental), and Exhibit 16 (chiropractic) demonstrate the rate cell factors are cost neutral in each individual region. Please see Section III.F for additional details.

AA.5.2 – DATA DISTORTION ADJUSTMENT

We did not identify any material distortions caused by special populations.

AA.5.3 – DATA SMOOTHING TECHNIQUES

We determined that data smoothing techniques other than those described in AA5.0 and AA.5.1 were not required.

AA.5.4 – RISK ADJUSTMENT

The BCP Standard and CLA medical capitation rates are risk adjusted using an actuarially sound CDPS + Rx methodology. Please refer to Section IV.A for a description of the risk adjustment methodology.

AA.6.0 – STOP LOSS, REINSURANCE, OR RISK SHARING ARRANGEMENTS

DHS' contract with the HMOs does not include any provisions for stop loss, reinsurance, or risk sharing arrangements.

AA.6.1 – COMMERCIAL REINSURANCE

DHS does not require entities to purchase commercial reinsurance.

AA.6.2 – SIMPLE STOP LOSS PROGRAM

None.

AA.6.3 – RISK CORRIDOR PROGRAM

None.

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AA.7.0 – INCENTIVE ARRANGEMENTS

DHS has an incentive arrangement for 2020 as described in Section IV.C. The HMO contract does not permit the incentive payment for any HMO to be more than 5% of their capitation rate.

AA.7.1 – ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORDS (EHR) INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

DHS has not implemented HMO incentive payments related to EHRs for the 2020 contract period.

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VII. RESPONSES TO 2019 - 2020 CMS MANAGED CARE RATE DEVELOPMENT GUIDE

SECTION I. MEDICAID MANAGED CARE RATES

1. General Information

- Rate period – The capitation rates are in effect for the twelve month period from January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.
- Actuarial rate certification – See Appendix E.
- Final capitation rates – Please refer to Exhibit 6 (medical capitation rates), Exhibit 8 (maternity kick payments), Exhibit 13 (dental capitation rates), and Exhibit 16 (chiropractic capitation rates) for the final capitation rates. Exhibit 21 summarizes the final capitation rates for each coverage option (Medical only, Medical and Dental, Medical and Chiropractic, or All Services).
- Rate ranges – Not applicable.
- Program descriptions – See Section I.B.
- MLR – The projected BCP MLR for 2020 is greater than 85%. There is no minimum MLR or remittance provision in place for the BCP program.
- Federal Medical Assistance Percentage – The assumptions used to develop the projected benefit costs for covered populations are based on valid rate development standards and do not vary based on the rate of Federal financial participation associated with the covered populations.
- Cross-subsidies – Payments from one rate cell are not cross-subsidized by payments from any other rate cell.
- Rate change from prior period – See Section I.A. and Exhibits 17 to 19.
- Material changes to capitation rate methodology – See Section I.C.

2. Data

- Service data sources – See Sections II.A through II.C.
- Validation and quality adjustments – See Section II.D.
- Changes in data sources – Base period HMO encounter and financial data was updated from calendar years 2016 and 2017 to calendar years 2017 and 2018.
- Potential future data improvements – As described in Section II.D, we applied missing data adjustments to the encounter data. DHS anticipates missing data adjustments will continue to decrease going forward as encounter data improves over time.

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

- Other data adjustments – See Section II.D.
- Blending of data sources – See Section III.D.
- Data reliance – Please refer to the actuarial certification included as Appendix A for the data reliance letter provided by DHS.

3. Projected Benefit Costs and Trends

- Please refer to Section III of this report for the methodology and assumptions we used to project contract period benefit costs. These assumptions do not vary based on the rate of federal financial participation associated with the covered populations.
- Changes in covered services and benefits:
 - Various legislative and program changes effective between the base period and contract period – See Section III.B. The costs associated with IMD stays of more than 15 days within a given month were removed from the base data, and we considered the impact of removing the member months and non-IMD claims for members with over 15 IMD days in an IMD for a given month from the 2020 capitation rates and determined the impact was not material. We removed Narcotic Treatment Services from the 2017 base period experience because DHS will reimburse HMOs for these claim on a FFS basis outside of capitation in 2020 (similar to 2018 and 2019). Adjustments were also applied to reflect member cost sharing changes during 2020.
- Projected benefit cost trends:
 - Annual trend assumptions excluding Medicaid FFS reimbursement changes – See Section III.C
 - Medicaid reimbursement changes between the base period and contract period – See Section III.A
- Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act – No additional services were necessary to add to the program to achieve compliance with the Act.
- In-lieu-of services – See Section II.B.
- IMD services – Reimbursement adjustments for IMDs are documented in Section III.A, and benefit adjustments are documented in Section III.B.
- Retrospective eligibility periods:
 - HMOs are not responsible for claims incurred during retroactive eligibility periods. If there are claims for retrospective disenrollment periods, these claims are excluded from the base period encounter data, since there is no corresponding eligibility record in the eligibility data. There is no explicit data adjustment to the capitation rates to reflect the impact of claim payments made for retroactively disenrolled members. However, the missing data adjustments add these costs into the base data.

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

- Overpayments to providers – we collected information on HMO recoveries for overpayments to providers and considered these payments when summarizing the base data used to develop 2020 capitation rates. The base period data is net of these recoveries, which totaled \$14.6 million collected in 2018 across the BCP and SSI programs.
- Changes in covered services and benefits – There were no benefit changes between the base period and contract period other than the covered service and copay changes described in Section III.B.
- Other adjustments – Not applicable.
- Final projected benefit costs – See Exhibit 3 (medical capitation rates), Exhibit 8 (maternity kick payments), Exhibit 10 (dental capitation rates), and Exhibit 15 (chiropractic capitation rates).
- Conditions of any litigation to which the state is subjected – DHS settled a lawsuit related to transgender services, which added new coverage to the BCP program. We did not make an explicit adjustment for this coverage change because we determined the impact to be immaterial as described in Section III.B. Please also see Section III.H. regarding the Health Insurer Provider Fee.

4. Special Contract Provisions Related to Payment

- Incentive Arrangements – See Section IV.C
 - Withhold Arrangements – See Section IV.B
 - Risk Sharing – Not applicable
 - Delivery System and Provider Payment Initiatives – See Section IV.D
- DHS submitted the following pre-prints for 2019 state directed payments and plans to submit the same pre-prints for 2020 once the 2019 pre-prints are approved by CMS:
 - Provider access payments: Uniform dollar or percentage increase. See funding amounts in Section IV.D.
 - Dental fee schedule: Minimum fee schedule based on the state’s FFS Medicaid fee schedule.
 - Sub-acute psychiatric community-based psychiatric and recovery center services (new for BCP but will be similar to 2019 pre-print for SSI): Maximum fee schedule of \$450 per day.
 - These arrangements are incorporated into the base capitation rates.
 - Provider access payments are the only directed payment included as a separate adjustment in the capitation rates.
 - All BCP Standard rates cells are impacted by these payments. These payments do not apply to BCP Childless Adults.
 - Refer to Section IV.D for a description of the data, assumptions, and methodologies.
 - The payment is consistent with the 2019 pre-print information, except for updated funding amounts. DHS will submit the 2020 pre-print after the 2019 pre-print is approved by CMS.

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin’s Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

- Pass-through payments – Not applicable.

5. Projected Non-Benefit Costs

- Assumptions used to project non-benefit costs do not vary based on the rate of federal financial participation associated with the covered populations
- Administrative costs and provision for margin – See Section III.E
- Health Insurer Fee treatment – See Section III.H

6. Risk Adjustment and Acuity Adjustments

- Risk adjustment – See Section IV.A and Exhibits 5 and 6
- Acuity adjustments – Not applicable

SECTION II. MEDICAID MANAGED CARE RATES WITH LONG-TERM SERVICES

This section does not apply, as BCP is not a primarily long-term care service program.

SECTION III. NEW ADULT POPULATION CAPITATION RATES

Introduction

Prior to April 1, 2014, the BCP CLA program provided Medicaid services to childless adults with income at or below 200 percent of the FPL, but enrollment was capped. Effective April 1, 2014, the CLA program was expanded to include all childless adults with incomes less than or equal to 100 percent of the FPL, including members previously enrolled in other Medicaid programs, as well as individuals not previously eligible for Medicaid benefits. Benefit coverage in the CLA plan was aligned with the BCP Standard plan benefits effective April 1, 2014. The newly covered CLA population began enrollment into managed care on July 1, 2014.

1. Data

Milliman used detailed HMO encounter data for 2017 and 2018 for rate development for all individuals, along with 2017 and 2018 supplemental financial data, as described in Section II.

Since the 2016 rating period, the CLA rates have been based on encounter data. The rate setting data and methodology have largely been consistent over time and are described in Section II.

2. Projected Benefit Costs

See section III for a summary of rate adjustments applied to project benefit costs to the contract period.

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3. Projected Non-Benefit Costs

See Section III.E for the development of projected administrative costs and contribution to surplus. The assumption is based on 2017 and 2018 health plan financial reporting.

4. Final Certified Rates or Rate Ranges

Material changes to the rate development methodology are described in Section I.C.

5. Risk Mitigation Strategies

The 2020 rates are risk adjusted. Please refer to section IV.A of the rate report.

No risk corridors, minimum loss ratios, reinsurance, high cost risk pools, or other mechanisms are incorporated into the CLA capitation rates.

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2020 RATE EXHIBITS

(Provided in Excel Format)

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019

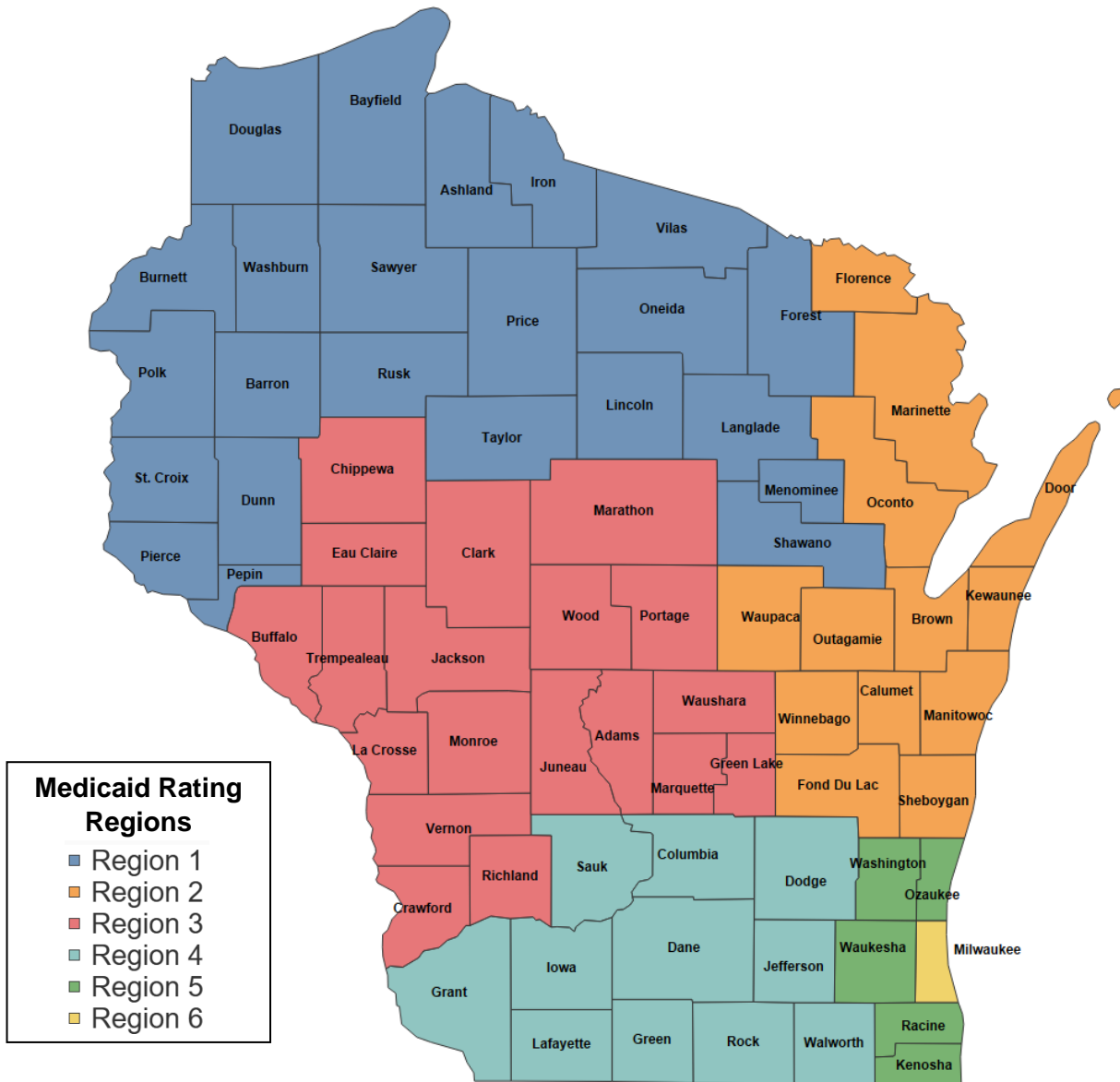
APPENDIX A

Mapping of Wisconsin Counties to Medicaid Rate Regions

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
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BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019



Medicaid Rating Regions

- Region 1
- Region 2
- Region 3
- Region 4
- Region 5
- Region 6

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services
 Capitation Rate Development
 January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
 BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

APPENDIX B

Custom Risk Model Weights

(Provided in Excel Format)

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019

APPENDIX C

Custom Risk Model Category Mapping

(Provided in Excel Format)

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Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019

APPENDIX D

Enhanced FMAP Identification Criteria

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit, and assumes no duty or liability to, other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019

APPENDIX D ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

We identified the family planning, Indian Health Services (IHS), and preventive services eligible for enhanced FMAP using FMAP indicators in the encounter data.

FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

Family planning claims are identified as service codes 48 (Family Planning) and 50 (FQHC) and the specific sub-category of service codes listed below.

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Family Planning Claims		
Category of Service	Sub-Category of Service	Description
48	05	Sterilizations
48	10	Clinic
48	20	Outpatient Hospital
48	25	Physician / Nurse Practitioner
48	35	Lab and X-Ray Services
48	40	Other
50	06	Sterilizations
50	09	Family Planning Clinic
50	15	Family Planning Other

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

IHS claims are identified as services provided to Native Americans or Alaskan Native members at facilities officially recognized as IHS facilities.

ZERO COPAY PREVENTIVE SERVICES

Zero copay preventive services are identified using the following procedure codes provided by DHS. The codes in procedure code group 5048 require modifier 33 while the codes in procedure group 5047 do not require a modifier.

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
77057	5047	N/A
86631	5047	N/A
86632	5047	N/A
87110	5047	N/A
87270	5047	N/A
87320	5047	N/A
87391	5047	N/A
87490	5047	N/A
87491	5047	N/A
87492	5047	N/A
87623	5047	N/A

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APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

Wisconsin Department of Health Services		
Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
87624	5047	N/A
87625	5047	N/A
87806	5047	N/A
87810	5047	N/A
88141	5047	N/A
88142	5047	N/A
88143	5047	N/A
88147	5047	N/A
88148	5047	N/A
88150	5047	N/A
88152	5047	N/A
88153	5047	N/A
88154	5047	N/A
88155	5047	N/A
88164	5047	N/A
88165	5047	N/A
88166	5047	N/A
88167	5047	N/A
88174	5047	N/A
88175	5047	N/A
90620	5047	N/A
90621	5047	N/A
90632	5047	N/A
90633	5047	N/A
90636	5047	N/A
90649	5047	N/A
90650	5047	N/A
90651	5047	N/A
90656	5047	N/A
90658	5047	N/A
90660	5047	N/A
90670	5047	N/A
90703	5047	N/A
90707	5047	N/A
90714	5047	N/A
90715	5047	N/A
90716	5047	N/A
90732	5047	N/A
90733	5047	N/A
90734	5047	N/A
90736	5047	N/A
90740	5047	N/A
90743	5047	N/A
90744	5047	N/A
90746	5047	N/A

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APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
90747	5047	N/A
99173	5047	N/A
99188	5047	N/A
99383	5047	N/A
99384	5047	N/A
99385	5047	N/A
99386	5047	N/A
99387	5047	N/A
99393	5047	N/A
99394	5047	N/A
99395	5047	N/A
99396	5047	N/A
99397	5047	N/A
99401	5047	N/A
99402	5047	N/A
99403	5047	N/A
99404	5047	N/A
99406	5047	N/A
99407	5047	N/A
99408	5047	N/A
99409	5047	N/A
99411	5047	N/A
99412	5047	N/A
A4281	5047	N/A
A4282	5047	N/A
A4283	5047	N/A
A4284	5047	N/A
A4285	5047	N/A
A4286	5047	N/A
E0602	5047	N/A
E0603	5047	N/A
E0604	5047	N/A
G0123	5047	N/A
G0124	5047	N/A
G0141	5047	N/A
G0143	5047	N/A
G0144	5047	N/A
G0145	5047	N/A
G0147	5047	N/A
G0148	5047	N/A
G0202	5047	N/A
G0297	5047	N/A
G0389	5047	N/A
H0002	5047	N/A
H0004	5047	N/A

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**APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA**

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
H0049	5047	N/A
H0050	5047	N/A
H1003	5047	N/A
S3620	5047	N/A
S9443	5047	N/A
44388	5048	33
44389	5048	33
44390	5048	33
44391	5048	33
44392	5048	33
44393	5048	33
44394	5048	33
44397	5048	33
44401	5048	33
44402	5048	33
44403	5048	33
44404	5048	33
44405	5048	33
44406	5048	33
44407	5048	33
44408	5048	33
45330	5048	33
45331	5048	33
45332	5048	33
45333	5048	33
45334	5048	33
45335	5048	33
45337	5048	33
45338	5048	33
45339	5048	33
45340	5048	33
45341	5048	33
45342	5048	33
45345	5048	33
45346	5048	33
45347	5048	33
45349	5048	33
45350	5048	33
45355	5048	33
45378	5048	33
45379	5048	33
45380	5048	33
45381	5048	33
45382	5048	33
45383	5048	33

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit, and assumes no duty or liability to, other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

**APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA**

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
45384	5048	33
45385	5048	33
45386	5048	33
45387	5048	33
45388	5048	33
45389	5048	33
45390	5048	33
45392	5048	33
45393	5048	33
45398	5048	33
76705	5048	33
76770	5048	33
76775	5048	33
76977	5048	33
77051	5048	33
77052	5048	33
77055	5048	33
77056	5048	33
77078	5048	33
77079	5048	33
77080	5048	33
77081	5048	33
77082	5048	33
80055	5048	33
80061	5048	33
80422	5048	33
82270	5048	33
82274	5048	33
82465	5048	33
82728	5048	33
82947	5048	33
82948	5048	33
82950	5048	33
82951	5048	33
82952	5048	33
83020	5048	33
83021	5048	33
83700	5048	33
83701	5048	33
83704	5048	33
83718	5048	33
83721	5048	33
84030	5048	33
84443	5048	33
84478	5048	33

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APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

Wisconsin Department of Health Services		
Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
85025	5048	33
86592	5048	33
86593	5048	33
86689	5048	33
86701	5048	33
86702	5048	33
86703	5048	33
86704	5048	33
86705	5048	33
86706	5048	33
86900	5048	33
86901	5048	33
87070	5048	33
87081	5048	33
87086	5048	33
87088	5048	33
87340	5048	33
87341	5048	33
87389	5048	33
87390	5048	33
87534	5048	33
87535	5048	33
87536	5048	33
87590	5048	33
87591	5048	33
87592	5048	33
87850	5048	33
92002	5048	33
92004	5048	33
92012	5048	33
92014	5048	33
92587	5048	33
96040	5048	33
96150	5048	33
96151	5048	33
96152	5048	33
96153	5048	33
96154	5048	33
99174	5048	33
99201	5048	33
99202	5048	33
99203	5048	33
99204	5048	33
99205	5048	33
99211	5048	33

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit, and assumes no duty or liability to, other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

**APPENDIX D
ENHANCED FMAP IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA**

Wisconsin Department of Health Services Procedure Codes Used to Identify Enhanced Match Zero Copay Preventive Claims		
Procedure Code	Procedure Group Type	Procedure Code Modifier
99212	5048	33
99213	5048	33
99214	5048	33
99215	5048	33
G0204	5048	33
G0206	5048	33

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APPENDIX E

Actuarial Certification

This material assumes the reader is familiar with the State of Wisconsin's Medicaid program, Wisconsin Medicaid benefits, and rate setting principles. The material was prepared solely to provide assistance to DHS to set 2020 capitation rates for the BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults programs. It may not be appropriate for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit, and assumes no duty or liability to, other parties who receive this work. This material should only be reviewed in its entirety.

Wisconsin Department of Health Services
Capitation Rate Development
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adult Programs

December 20, 2019



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Principal and Consulting Actuary

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December 20, 2019

**Wisconsin Department of Health Services
BadgerCare Plus Standard and Childless Adults Medicaid Managed Care Programs
January – December 2020 Capitation Rates
Actuarial Certification**

I, Shelly S. Brandel, am associated with the firm of Milliman, Inc. and am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet its Qualification Standards for Statements of Actuarial Opinion. I have been retained by the Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS) to perform an actuarial certification of the BadgerCare Plus (BCP) Standard and Childless Adults program capitation rates for January – December 2020 for filing with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). I reviewed the calculated capitation rates and am familiar with the relevant requirements of 42 CFR 438, the CMS "Appendix A, PAHP, PIHP, and MCO Contracts Financial Review Documentation for At-risk Capitated Contracts Ratesetting," the 2019 - 2020 Medicaid Managed Care Rate Development Guide, and Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) 49.

To the best of my information, knowledge, and belief, the 2020 BCP capitation rates offered by DHS are in compliance with the relevant requirements of § CFR 438.3(c), 438.3(e), 438.4, 438.5, 438.6, and 438.7.

The attached actuarial report describes the capitation rate setting methodology.

In my opinion, the capitation rates are actuarially sound, as defined in ASOP 49, were developed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and are appropriate for the populations to be covered and the services to be furnished under the contract.

In making my opinion, I relied upon the accuracy of the underlying records, data summaries, and calculations prepared by DHS, as well as encounter data and financial data summaries prepared by the participating HMOs. A copy of the reliance letter received from DHS is attached and constitutes part of this opinion. I did not audit the data and calculations, but did review them for reasonableness and consistency and did not find material defects. In other respects, my examination included such review of the underlying assumptions and methods used and such tests of the calculations as I considered necessary.

The capitation rates developed may not be appropriate for any specific HMO. Any HMO will need to review the rates in relation to the benefits provided. Each HMO should compare the rates with its own experience, expenses, capital and surplus, and profit requirements prior to agreeing to contract with DHS. The HMO may require rates above, equal to, or below the actuarially sound capitation rates.

Actuarial methods, considerations, and analyses used in forming my opinion conform to the appropriate Standards of Practice as promulgated from time-to-time by the Actuarial Standards Board, whose standards form the basis of this Statement of Opinion.

It should be emphasized that capitation rates are a projection of future costs based on a set of assumptions. Actual costs will be dependent on each contracted HMO's situation and experience.



This Opinion assumes the reader is familiar with the Wisconsin Medicaid program, Medicaid eligibility rules, and actuarial rating techniques. The Opinion is intended for the State of Wisconsin and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and should not be relied on by other parties. The reader should be advised by actuaries or other professionals competent in the area of actuarial rate projections of the type in this Opinion, so as to properly interpret the projection results.

Shelly Brandel

Shelly S. Brandel
Member, American Academy of Actuaries

December 20, 2019

Tony Evers
Governor



DIVISION OF MEDICAID SERVICES

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Andrea Palm
Secretary

State of Wisconsin
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December 19, 2019

Ms. Shelly S. Brandel, FSA
Principal and Consulting Actuary
Milliman, Inc.
15800 Bluemound Road, Suite 100
Brookfield, WI 53005

RE: January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 Wisconsin Medicaid BadgerCare Plus and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Managed Care Rate Development Data Reliance Letter

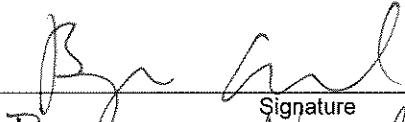
Dear Shelly:

I, Benjamin Nerad, Director of the Bureau of Rate Setting for the Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS), hereby affirm that the data prepared and submitted to Milliman, Inc. (Milliman) for the purpose of certifying Wisconsin Medicaid BadgerCare Plus and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) rate development for 2020 were prepared under my direction, and to the best of my knowledge and belief are accurate and complete. This includes the following information supporting the rate development:

1. Data files supporting the January – December 2020 capitation rate development, including:
 - a. Fee-for-service claim data
 - b. HMO encounter data
 - c. Eligibility data
 - d. Hospital inpatient and outpatient facility 2020 re-pricing data

2. Other supporting data, including:
 - a. Monthly identification of ventilator-dependent members
 - b. HMO financial data
 - c. 2020 provider access payment funding amounts
 - d. Historical performance withhold payments
 - e. Information regarding program changes effective prior to December 31, 2020 including fee schedule changes
 - f. Details regarding the scope of HMO covered services and eligible recipients
 - g. Identification of claims eligible for enhanced federal match
 - h. Other computer files and clarifying correspondence

Milliman relied on DHS for the collection and re-pricing of the FFS and encounter data. Milliman relied on the HMOs to provide accurate financial data as certified by the HMOs. Milliman did not audit the data, but did assess the data for reasonableness.



Signature
Benjamin Nerad

Print Name
Director, Bureau of Rate Setting

Title
12/19/19

Date